Safety Data Sheets

All

All

NRG - Waukegan

01/11/2022

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Document Group:	19-9776-6	**Version Number:**	8.07
Issue Date:	10/01/19	**Supercedes Date:**	07/25/19

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier
3M FireBarrier™ Sealant IC 15 WB+

Product Identification Numbers
42-0016-4768-6, 42-0016-4769-4, 42-0016-4770-2, 98-0400-5509-1, 98-0400-5510-9, 98-0400-5511-7, 98-0400-5512-5, 98-0400-5630-5
7100011413, 7000059404, 7000059405, 7010400883

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use
Fire Barrier Sealant.

1.3. Supplier's details
MANUFACTURER: 3M
DIVISION: Industrial Adhesives and Tapes Division
ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA
Telephone: 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number
1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification
Reproductive Toxicity: Category 2.

2.2. Label elements
Signal word
Warning

Symbols
Health Hazard |

Pictograms

Hazard Statements
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements
General:
Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention:
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Wear protective gloves.

Response:
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage:
Store locked up.

Disposal:
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	30 - 60 Trade Secret *
Water	7732-18-5	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Polymer NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7314	Trade Secret*	10 - 30 Trade Secret *
Zinc Borate 2335	138265-88-0	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
Sodium Silicate	1344-09-8	3 - 7 Trade Secret *
2-Aminoisobutanol	124-68-5	< 0.5 Trade Secret *
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	< 0.5 Trade Secret *

NJTS or NJTSRN: New Jersey Trade Secret Registry Number.

*The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of this composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Skin Contact:
Wash with soap and water. If you are concerned, get medical advice.

Eye Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:
Rinse mouth. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required
Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media
In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance	Condition
Carbon monoxide	During Combustion
Carbon dioxide	During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters
Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
Evacuate area. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Refer to other sections of this SDS for information regarding physical and health hazards, respiratory protection, ventilation, and personal protective equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Clean up residue. Seal the container. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international regulations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Keep out of reach of children. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Use personal protective equipment (gloves, respirators, etc.) as required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in the table below, an occupational exposure limit is not available for the component.

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	OSHA	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3;TWA(respirable fraction):5 mg/m3	
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	ACGIH	TWA(respirable fraction):0.025 mg/m3	A2: Suspected human carcin.
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	OSHA	TWA Table Z-1(respirable):0.05 mg/m3;TWA Table Z-3(respirable):0.1 mg/m3	

ACGIH : American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
AIHA : American Industrial Hygiene Association
CMRG : Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines
OSHA : United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
TWA: Time-Weighted-Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls
Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment.

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection
None required.

Skin/hand protection
Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing approved to relevant local standards to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Selection should be based on use factors such as exposure levels, concentration of the substance or mixture, frequency and duration, physical challenges such as temperature extremes, and other use conditions. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible gloves/protective clothing.
Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Nitrile Rubber

Respiratory protection

An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:
Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for organic vapors and particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid
Color	Light Yellow
Specific Physical Form:	Paste
Odor	Mild Odor
Odor threshold	*No Data Available*
pH	8 - 9
Melting point	*No Data Available*
Boiling Point	*Not Applicable*
Flash Point	Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F)
Evaporation rate	*No Data Available*
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Classified
Flammable Limits(LEL)	*Not Applicable*
Flammable Limits(UEL)	*Not Applicable*
Vapor Pressure	*No Data Available*
Vapor Density	*No Data Available*
Density	1.4 g/cm3
Specific Gravity	1.4 [*Ref Std:*WATER=1]
Solubility in Water	Moderate
Solubility- non-water	*No Data Available*
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	*No Data Available*
Autoignition temperature	*No Data Available*
Decomposition temperature	*No Data Available*
Viscosity	*No Data Available*
Molecular weight	*No Data Available*
Volatile Organic Compounds	<=20 % weight [*Test Method:*tested per EPA method 24]
VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents	<=4 g/l [*Test Method:*tested per EPA method 24]

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability
Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
None known.

10.5. Incompatible materials
None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance	Condition
None known.	

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:
Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Skin Contact:
Contact with the skin during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Eye Contact:
Contact with the eyes during product use is not expected to result in significant irritation.

Ingestion:
Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May cause additional health effects (see below).

Additional Health Effects:

Reproductive/Developmental Toxicity:
Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Carcinogenicity:

Ingredient	CAS No.	Class Description	Regulation
SILICA, CRYS AIRRESP	14808-60-7	Known human carcinogen	National Toxicology Program Carcinogens
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Toxicological Data
If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE >5,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation-Dust/Mist (4 hours)	Rat	LC50 3 mg/l
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg
Polymer NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7314	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

Polymer NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7314	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate 2335	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Zinc Borate 2335	Inhalation-Dust/Mist	Rat	LC50 > 4.95 mg/l
Zinc Borate 2335	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
Sodium Silicate	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 4,640 mg/kg
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 500 mg/kg
2-Aminoisobutanol	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 2,900 mg/kg
Quartz Silica	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Quartz Silica	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg

ATE = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polymer NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7314	Rabbit	Minimal irritation
Zinc Borate 2335	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Sodium Silicate	Rabbit	Corrosive
2-Aminoisobutanol	Rabbit	Irritant
Quartz Silica	Professional judgement	No significant irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Calcium Carbonate	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Polymer NJTS Reg. No. 04499600-7314	Professional judgement	Mild irritant
Zinc Borate 2335	Rabbit	Severe irritant
Sodium Silicate	Rabbit	Corrosive
2-Aminoisobutanol	Rabbit	Corrosive

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Zinc Borate 2335	Guinea pig	Not classified
Sodium Silicate	Mouse	Not classified
2-Aminoisobutanol	Guinea pig	Not classified

Respiratory Sensitization

For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Zinc Borate 2335	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Sodium Silicate	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Sodium Silicate	In vivo	Not mutagenic
2-Aminoisobutanol	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
2-Aminoisobutanol	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Quartz Silica	In Vitro	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification
Quartz Silica	In vivo	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification

Carcinogenicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Quartz Silica	Inhalation	Human and animal	Carcinogenic

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation
Zinc Borate 2335	Ingestion	Toxic to male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	92 days
Zinc Borate 2335	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	LOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	during gestation
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	Not classified for development	Mouse	NOAEL 200 mg/kg/day	during gestation
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	Not classified for female reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	Not classified for male reproduction	Rat	NOAEL 1,000 mg/kg/day	37 days
2-Aminoisobutanol	Dermal	Not classified for development	Rat	NOAEL 300 mg/kg/day	during gestation
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	Toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 100 mg/kg/day	premating into lactation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes
Zinc Borate 2335	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	similar health hazards	NOAEL Not available	
Sodium Silicate	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	May cause respiratory irritation	official classification	NOAEL Not available	
2-Aminoisobutanol	Inhalation	respiratory irritation	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Mouse	NOAEL Not available	

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Calcium Carbonate	Inhalation	respiratory system	Not classified	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Zinc Borate 2335	Inhalation	immune system | respiratory system | heart | endocrine system | hematopoietic system | liver | nervous system | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 0.15 mg/l	2 weeks
Zinc Borate 2335	Ingestion	endocrine system | liver | kidney and/or bladder | heart | skin | bone, teeth, nails,	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 375 mg/kg/day	92 days

		and/or hair | hematopoietic system | immune system | nervous system | eyes | respiratory system | vascular system				
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	kidney and/or bladder	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Dog	LOAEL 2,400 mg/kg/day	4 weeks
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	endocrine system | blood	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 804 mg/kg/day	3 months
Sodium Silicate	Ingestion	heart | liver	Not classified	Rat	NOAEL 1,259 mg/kg/day	8 weeks
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	liver	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL 23 mg/kg/day	90 days
2-Aminoisobutanol	Ingestion	blood | eyes | kidney and/or bladder	Not classified	Dog	NOAEL 2.8 mg/kg/day	1 years
Quartz Silica	Inhalation	silicosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard
For the component/components, either no data are currently available or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Test Organism	Test Type	Result
Water flea, Daphnia magna	48 hours Aquatic Toxicity - Acute	27 mg/l
Green algae, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours Aquatic Toxicity - Chronic	2.6 % weight

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods
Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

Dispose of waste product in a permitted industrial waste facility. As a disposal alternative, incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Empty drums/barrels/containers used for transporting and handling hazardous chemicals (chemical substances/mixtures/preparations classified as Hazardous as per applicable regulations) shall be considered, stored, treated & disposed of as hazardous wastes unless otherwise defined by applicable waste regulations. Consult with the respective regulating authorities to determine the available treatment and disposal facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

EPCRA 311/312 Hazard Classifications:

Physical Hazards
Not applicable

Health Hazards
Reproductive toxicity

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	C.A.S. No	% by Wt
Zinc Borate 2335 (ZINC COMPOUNDS)	138265-88-0	3 - 7

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of Australia National Industrial Chemical Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS). Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the new substance notification requirements of CEPA.

The components of this material are in compliance with the China "Measures on Environmental Management of New Chemical Substance". Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this material are in compliance with the provisions of the Korean Toxic Chemical Control Law. Certain restrictions may apply. Contact the selling division for additional information.

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA. All required components of this product are listed on the active portion of the TSCA Inventory.

This product complies with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (1996).

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification
Health: 1 **Flammability:** 1 **Instability:** 0 **Special Hazards:** None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

Document Group:	19-9776-6	**Version Number:**	8.07
Issue Date:	10/01/19	**Supercedes Date:**	07/25/19

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3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com

Date Prepared/Revised: 9/13/18 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (9/11/15)

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier**: Crown Cold Galvanize Coating 93% Zinc Rich - Bulk**

Product name:
7007 Cold Galvanize Coating 93% Zinc Rich

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Apply directly to metal or galvanized surfaces that are free of loose rust, heavy mill scale, old paint, grease, moisture, and other contaminants.
Uses advised against: Do not apply at temperatures below 40°F (4°C), or if rain is imminent within 6 hours of application

CAS No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
EC No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Index No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Manufacturer/Supplier:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
Street address/P.O. Box:	**1100 Mark Circle**
Country ID/Postcode/Place	**Gardnerville, Nevada 89410**
Telephone number:	**1-775-782-0100**
e-mail:	**mailbox@aervoe.com**
National contact:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
For Product Information:	**1-800-227-0196**
Emergency telephone number:	**1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)**

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards: Flammable Liquid – 3
Flam. Liq. 2

Health Hazards:
Asp. Tox. 1
STOT SE 3

Environmental Hazards:
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 1

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements:

H226 – Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 – Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102 - Keep out of reach of children
P103 - Read label before use
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
P264 - Wash … thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50ºC/122ºF
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	64742-88-7	265-191-7	10-30%	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Zinc Powder	Zinc Dust	7440-66-6	231-175-3	60-100%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H400 H410
n-Butyl Acetate	n-Butyl Ester	123-86-4	204-658-1	1-5%	Flam. Liq. 3 STOT SE 3	H226 H336

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice:	If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.
Inhalation First Aid:	Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin Contact First Aid:	Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.
Eye Contact First Aid:	If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion First Aid:	If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
Most Important Symptoms/Effects:	Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties:	Flammable liquid
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not Available
Suitable extinguishing media:	Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media:	None known
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:	None known
Hazardous combustion products:	Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide
Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure from extreme temperatures.
Precautions for fire-fighters:	Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.

2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable liquid, use in a well ventilated area.
Do not use near sources of ignition.
Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.
Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.
Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).
No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.
Keep away from sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:
Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection
Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:
Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS Number	ACGIH TLV (TWA)	ACGIH TLV (STEL)	OSHA PEL (TWA)	OSHA PEL (STEL)
Zinc Powder	7440-66-6	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-88-7	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	150ppm	200ppm	150ppm	N/AV

***Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH**

Date Prepared/Revised: 9/13/18 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (9/11/15)

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Metallic gray	Odor: Hydrocarbon Odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: 316° to 351° F(158° to 177° C)
Flash Point: 102° F (39° C)	Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether
Flammability: Flammable liquid	Upper LEL: 1.4% Lower LEL: 8.4%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/ water: N/AV	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions
Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources
Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents
Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: N/AV

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV

Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: N/AV

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may

cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP:	N/AV
IARC:	N/AV
OSHA:	N/AV

* Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: **No Data Available**
Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available**
Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**
Mobility in soil: **No Data Available**
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: **No Data Available**
Other adverse effects: **No Data Available**

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.
Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1263	Paint	3	PGIII	Not Applicable	Reference 49 CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1263	Paint	3	PGIII	Not Applicable	Reference IMDG code part 3

IATA:

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1263	Paint	3	PGIII	Not Applicable	Reference IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:
This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.
SARA Title 3:
Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.
TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.
WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.
PROP 65 (CA): WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 9/13/18
Supersedes: (9/11/15)

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.

Date Prepared/Revised: 5/30/18 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (7/29/2015)

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier**: Crown Cold Galvanize Coating 93% Zinc Rich - Aerosol**

Product name:
7007 Cold Galvanize Coating 93% Zinc Rich

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Apply directly to metal or galvanized surfaces that are free of loose rust, heavy mill scale, old paint, grease, moisture, and other contaminants.
Uses advised against: Do not apply at temperatures below 40°F (4°C), or if rain is imminent within 6 hours of application

CAS No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
EC No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Index No:	**Not Applicable (mixture)**
Manufacturer/Supplier:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
Street address/P.O. Box:	**1100 Mark Circle**
Country ID/Postcode/Place	**Gardnerville, Nevada 89410**
Telephone number:	**1-775-782-0100**
e-mail:	**mailbox@aervoe.com**
National contact:	**Aervoe Industries Incorporated**
For Product Information:	**1-800-227-0196**
Emergency telephone number:	**1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)**

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards:	Aerosol - Category 1
	Flam. Gas. 1
	Press. Gas
	Flam. Liq. 2
Health Hazards:	
	Asp. Tox. 1
	Eye Irrit. 2
	Skin Irrit. 2
	STOT SE 3
Environmental Hazards:	
	Aquatic Acute 1
	Aquatic Chronic 1
	Aquatic Tox. 2

Labeling

Signal Word:	Danger
Hazard Statements:	H220 – Extremely flammable gas.

H222 – Extremely Flammable Aerosol
H224 – Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H229 – Pressurized container: may burst if heated
H304 – May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315 – Causes skin irritation.
H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400 – Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 – Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements:

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
P102 - Keep out of reach of children
P103 - Read label before use
P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking
P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source
P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use
P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
P264 - Wash … thoroughly after handling
P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50ºC/122ºF
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Hydrocarbon Propellant	LPG	68476-86-8	270-705-8	10-30%	Press. Gas Flam. Gas 1	H220 H229
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	Solvent Naphtha	64742-89-8	265-192-2	10-30%	Flam Liq. 2 Skin Irr. 2 Asp. Tox. 1	H224 H304 H315

					STOT SE 3 Aquatic Tox. 2	H336 H411
Zinc Powder	Zinc Dust	7440-66-6	231-175-3	30-60%	Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1	H400 H410
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	M.E.K.	78-93-3	201-159-0	7-13%	Flam. Liq. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3	H225 H319 H336

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice: If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

Inhalation First Aid: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact First Aid: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

Eye Contact First Aid: If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion First Aid: If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects: Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract. Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: Aerosol

Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Available

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: None known

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

Fire & Explosion Hazards: Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure from extreme temperatures.

Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:
1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:
1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.
Do not use near sources of ignition.
Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.
Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.
Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).
No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.
Keep away from sources of ignition.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:
Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection
Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:
Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH TLV	OSHA	OSHA PEL

	Number	(TWA)	(STEL)	PEL (TWA)	(STEL)
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-86-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Zinc Powder	7440-66-6	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-89-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	200ppm	300ppm	200ppm	N/AV

***Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH**

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Metallic gray	Odor: Ketone Odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Faster than n-Butyl Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable gas	LEL: 0.9% UEL: 11.5%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/ water: N/AV	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions
Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions
Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources
Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents
Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: N/AV

Eye irritation data: Eye Irrit. 2

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: Skin irrit. 2

Reproductive toxicity data:	N/AV
Mutagenicity data:	N/AV
Symptoms associated with physical contact:	N/AV
Acute/chronic effects from short/long term exposure:	Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.
Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:	
NTP:	N/AV
IARC:	N/AV
OSHA:	N/AV

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: **No Data Available**
Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available**
Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**
Mobility in soil: **No Data Available**
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: **No Data Available**
Other adverse effects: **No Data Available**

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements. For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.
Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference 49 CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference

			Applicable	Applicable	IMDG code part 3

IATA:

UN Number	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard Class	Packing Group	Marine Pollutant	Special Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:
This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.
SARA Title 3:
Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.
TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.
WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

16. Other Information

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 5/30/2018
Supersedes: 7/29/2015

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 1907/2006/EC (REACH, as amended by 2015/830/EU) 29 CFR 1910.1200 and WHMIS 2015

Revision date: 26 April 2018 **Initial date of issue:** 20 April 2007 **SDS No.** 157A-24a

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

725 Nickel Anti-Seize Compound (Aerosol)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Petroleum base. Use on stainless steel, steel, iron, aluminum, copper, brass, titanium, etc. Do not use on oxygen systems.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:
A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY
860 Salem Street
Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA
Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785
(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST)
SDS requests: www.chesterton.com
E-mail (SDS questions): ProductMSDSs@chesterton.com
E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive,
Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 - Tel. 905-335-5055
EU: Chesterton International GmbH, Am Lenzenfleck 23,
D85737 Ismaning, Germany – Tel. +49-89-996-5460

Supplier:

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week
Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053
Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect)
NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Aerosol 1, H222
Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Skin Sens. 1, H317
STOT SE 3, H336
Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)
STOT RE 1, H372 (lungs, inhalation)
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.2. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015

Flam. Aerosol 1, H222
Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Skin Irrit. 2, H351
Skin Sens. 1, H317
STOT SE 3, H336
Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)
STOT RE 1, H372 (lungs, inhalation)
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

2.1.3. Classification according to WHMIS 1988

A: Compressed gases; B5: Flammable aerosols; D2A: Very toxic materials causing other effects; D2B: Toxic materials causing other effects

2.1.4. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.5. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

2.2.1. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurized container: May burst if heated.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351	Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
	H372	Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements:	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P260	Do not breathe vapours/spray.
	P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
	P308/313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P410/412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

Supplemental information: None

2.2.2. Labelling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
	H315	Causes skin irritation.
	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	H351	Suspected of causing cancer by inhalation.
	H372	Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure.
	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:	P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
	P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
	P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
	P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
	P260	Do not breathe vapours/spray.
	P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
	P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
	P272	Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
	P302/352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
	P304/340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	P308/313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
	P362/364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	P403	Store in a well-ventilated place.
	P410/412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous Ingredients[1]	% Wt.	CAS No./ EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CLP/GHS Classification
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light*	30-40	64742-49-0 265-151-9	NA	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic**	10-20	64742-52-5 265-155-0	NA	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Nickel	7-13	7440-02-0 231-111-4	01-211943 8727-29	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation) STOT RE 1, H372 (lungs, inhalation) Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Propane	7-13	74-98-6 200-827-9	NA	Simple Asphyx. Flam. Liq. 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Butane***	7-13	106-97-8 203-448-7	NA	Simple Asphyx. Flam. Liq. 1, H220 Press. Gas (Comp.), H280
Methanol	0.1-0.2	67-56-1 200-659-6	NA	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3, H331, H311, H301 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 1, H370
Other ingredients:				
Aluminum	1-5	7429-90-5 231-072-3	NA	Not classified[a,b]
Graphite	1-5	7782-42-5 231-955-3	NA	Not classified[b]

*Contains less than 0.1 % w/w Benzene. **Contains less than 3 % DMSO extract as measured by IP 346. ***Contains less than 0.1 % w/w 1,3-Butadiene. [a]Not classified for flammability and water-reactivity based on the results of UN tests N.1 and N.5, respectively. [b]Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

[1] Classified according to: * 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), California Proposition 65
* 1272/2008/EC, GHS, REACH
* WHMIS 2015
* Safe Work Australia

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Wash skin with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contact physician if irritation persists.

Eye contact: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Contact physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Irritating to skin. May cause skin sensitization as evidenced by rashes or hives. High vapor concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, headache and other central nervous system effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: High volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Pressurized containers, when heated, are a potential explosive hazard.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Flammability Classification: –

HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: 2 Y

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Keep out of sewers, streams and waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Scoop up and transfer to a suitable container for disposal. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Observe good work practice - avoid eating, drinking and smoking in the work area while using any hydrocarbons. Do not breathe vapours/spray. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C (120°F). Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Petroleum base. Use on stainless steel, steel, iron, aluminum, copper, brass, titanium, etc. Do not use on oxygen systems. Refer to the product instructions and product data sheet for more detailed application information.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSHA PEL[1]		ACGIH TLV[2]		UK WEL[3]		AUSTRALIA ES[4]	
	ppm	mg/m^3	ppm	mg/m^3	ppm	mg/m^3	ppm	mg/m^3
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	–	–	247	1200	–	–	–	–
Oil mist, mineral	–	5	–	5	–	–	–	5
Nickel*	(total dust)	1	(inhalable)	1.5	–	0.5	(total dust)	1
Propane	1000	1800	**	–	–	–	**	–
Butane	–	–	1000	–	600 STEL: 750	1450 810	800	1900
Aluminum*	(total) (resp)	15 5	(resp)	1	(inhal) (resp)	10 4	–	10
Methanol	200	260	200 STEL: 250	(skin)	200 STEL: 250	266 333	200 (skin) STEL: 250	262 328
Graphite	(total) (resp)	15 5	(resp)	2	(resp) (total)	4 10	(resp)	3

*The nickel, aluminum and graphite in this product do not separate from the mixture or in of themselves become airborne, therefore, do not present a hazard in normal use. **Simple asphyxiant.
[1] United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits
[2] American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values
[3] EH40 Workplace exposure limits, Health & Safety Executive
[4] Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment [NOHSC:1003]

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Workers

Not available

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006:

Not available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Use only in well-ventilated areas. If exposure limits are exceeded, provide adequate ventilation.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. In case of insufficient ventilation, utilize an approved organic vapor respirator (e.g., EN filter type A/P2).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves

Nickel:

Contact type	Glove material	Layer thickness	Breakthrough time *
Full	Nitrile rubber	0.11 mm	> 480 min.
Splash	Nitrile rubber	0.11 mm	> 480 min.

*Determined according to EN374 standard.

Eye and face protection: Safety glasses

Other: None

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid	**Odour**	petroleum
Colour	gray	**Odour threshold**	no data available
Initial boiling point	121°C (250°F)	**Vapour pressure @ 20°C**	not determined
Melting point	not determined	**% Aromatics by weight**	3.6% maximum
% Volatile (by volume)	76.9%	**pH**	not applicable
Flash point	17°C (63°F), product only	**Relative density**	0.9 kg/l
Method	PM Closed Cup	**Weight per volume**	7.8 lbs/gal.
Viscosity	225 cSt @ 40°C	**Coefficient (water/oil)**	< 1
Autoignition temperature	not determined	**Vapour density (air=1)**	> 1
Decomposition temperature	no data available	**Rate of evaporation (ether=1)**	< 1
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	not determined	**Solubility in water**	insoluble
Flammability (solid, gas)	no data available	**Oxidising properties**	no data available
Explosive properties	no data available		

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available for the mixture. Nickel can react vigorously with acids to liberate hydrogen, which can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames, heat, sparks and red hot surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, aldehydes and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use: Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing skin disorders are generally aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -

Oral:

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50, rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 rat	> 5000 mg/kg, estimated
Nickel	LD50, rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Methanol	LD50, rat	5628 mg/kg
Methanol	Human lethal dose	143 mg/kg

Dermal:

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50, rat	> 2000 mg/kg, estimated

Inhalation: High vapor concentrations may cause eye and respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, headache and other central nervous system effects.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5.61 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LC50, rat, 4 hours	> 5 mg/l, estimated
Nickel	NOAEC, rat, 1 h,	> 10.2 mg/l
Methanol	LC50, rat, 4 hours	64000 ppm (V)
Propane	LC50, rat, 4 hours	658 mg/l
Butane	LC50, rat, 4 hours	30957 mg/m^3

Skin corrosion/irritation: Irritating to skin.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin irritation, (OECD 404), rabbit	Irritating
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin irritation, rabbit	Not irritating

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Eye irritation (OECD 405), rabbit	Not irritating
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Eye irritation, rabbit	Not irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Nickel: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Substance	Test	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Skin sensitization, guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin sensitization (OECD 406)	Not sensitizing
Aluminum	Skin sensitization, guinea pig	Not sensitizing (read-across)
Graphite	Skin sensitization (OECD 429), mouse	Not sensitizing
Methanol	Skin sensitization, guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Germ cell mutagenicity: Hazardous ingredients: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity: The U.S. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) concluded that there is no evidence that nickel metal is carcinogenic when ingested. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) has listed Nickel powder as a potential carcinogen based on inhalation studies. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has designated Nickel as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B). The Nickel in this product is not in powder form and should not present a hazard in normal use. To date, there is no evidence that nickel metal causes cancer in humans based on epidemiology data from workers in the nickel producing and nickel consuming industries. A recent animal (rat) inhalation study showed no increased respiratory cancer risk for nickel metal powder indicating that no carcinogen classification is warranted for nickel metal.

Reproductive toxicity: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Aluminum, Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, Graphite, Methanol: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. Other ingredients: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-repeated exposure: Nickel: Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated inhalation exposure. Other ingredients: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information: None

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light: inherently biodegradable. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened: oxidize by photochemical reactions in air. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic: inherently biodegradable [31% biodegradation (OECD 301F, 28 days)]. Nickel, Aluminum, Graphite: inorganic substances.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, Octanol/water partition coefficient (log Kow): 2.1 – 5 (estimated). Propane, Butane, Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic, Nickel, Aluminum, Graphite: not expected to bioaccumulate. Methanol: low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 100).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Liquid. Insoluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Low boiling point naphtha, Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened: will rapidly evaporate to the air if released into the environment.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not available

12.6. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Incinerate absorbed material with a properly licensed facility. Incinerate pressurized or sealed containers in an approved facility. Treatment for nickel may need to be provided after incineration and prior to any land disposal. This product is classified as a hazardous waste according to 2008/98/EC. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	UN1950
TDG:	UN1950
US DOT:	UN1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ICAO:	Aerosols, Flammable
IMDG:	Aerosols
ADR/RID/ADN:	Aerosols, *flammable*
TDG:	Aerosols, *flammable*
US DOT:	Aerosols, *flammable*

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	2.1
TDG:	2.1
US DOT:	2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:	NOT APPLICABLE
TDG:	NOT APPLICABLE
US DOT:	NOT APPLICABLE

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: Shipped as Consumer Commodity ORM-D in packaging having a rated capacity gross weight of 66 lb. or less (49 CFR 173.306(i)). ERG NO. 126
IMDG: EmS. F-D, S-U, Shipped as Limited Quantity
ADR: Classification code 5F, Tunnel restriction code (E), Shipped as Limited Quantity

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU regulations

Authorisations under Title VII: Not applicable

Restrictions under Title VIII: None

Other EU regulations: Directive 92/85/EEC on the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding; Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work; Directive 75/324/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to aerosol dispensers

15.1.2. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards:
Fire
Immediate
Delayed
Pressure Release

313 Chemicals:

Nickel	7440-02-0	10-15%
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1-5%

TSCA: All chemical components are listed in the TSCA inventory.

Other national regulations: National implementations of the EC Directives referred to in section 15.1.1.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF: Bioconcentration Factor
cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate
CLP: Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation (1272/2008/EC)
ES: Exposure Standard
GHS: Globally Harmonized System
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population
LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population
LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level
N/A: Not Applicable
NA: Not Available
NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration
NOEL: No Observed Effect Level
OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship
REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (1907/2006/EC)
REL: Recommended Exposure Limit
RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure
STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure
TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)
TWA: Time Weighted Average
US DOT: United States Department of Transportation
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative substance
WEL: Workplace Exposure Limit
WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System
Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references and sources for data: Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)
Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)
European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals
Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS)
National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)
Swedish Chemicals Agency (KEMI)
U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification	Classification procedure
Aerosol 1, H222	On basis of components
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements:
H220: Extremely flammable gas.
H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H301: Toxic if swallowed.
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311: Toxic in contact with skin.
H315: Causes skin irritation.
H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H331: Toxic if inhaled.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
H370: Causes damage to organs.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictogram names: Flame, gas cylinder (non-CLP labelling) exclamation mark, health hazard, environment

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Section 1.3.

Revision date: 26 April 2018

Further information: None

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.

SAFETY DATA SHEET
ABC DRY CHEMICAL

SECTION I. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name:	ABC Dry Chemical Fire Extinguishant (Fire Extinguishing Agent, Non-pressurized and Pressurized)
Synonym:	Multi-Purpose Dry Chemical
Manufacturer:	Buckeye Fire Equipment Company PO Box 428 Kings Mountain, NC 28086
Telephone:	704.739.7415
Web Address:	www.buckeyefire.com
Email Address:	bfec@buckeyef.com
Recommended Use:	Fire suppression, not for human or animal drug use.
Emergency:	CHEMTREC 1.800.424.9300
Revision Date:	08/05//2019

SECTION II. Hazard Identification

Note: This SDS covers both pressurized and non-pressurized containers of the product.

GHS – Classification (Pressurized):

Hazard Classification: Gas Under Pressure-Compressed Gas

GHS Label Elements:

Hazard Symbols:
Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statements: Contents Under Pressure: may explode if heated
Precautionary Statements: P251 Pressurized container; do not pierce or burn, even after use.

GHS – Classification (Non-pressurized):

Eye Irritation:	Category 2B
Skin Irritation:	Category 5
Acute Toxicity-Inhalation:	Category 5

GHS Label Elements:

Hazard Symbols:
Signal Word: WARNING

Hazard Statements:

H313	May be harmful in contact with skin.
H320	Causes eye irritation
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary Statements:

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P234	Keep in original container.
P251	Pressurized container; do not pierce or burn, even after use
P261	Avoid breathing dust
P264	Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling
P270	Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required

P285	In case of inadequate ventilation, wear respiratory protection
P301+322+331	If swallowed, drink 2-3 glasses of water and do not induce vomiting
302+352	If on skin, wash with soap and water
304+313+341	If inhaled, and if distress occurs, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical advice/attention.
305+351+338	If in eyes, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and east to do and continue to rinse.
337+313	If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/attention.
P401+402+403	Store in original container or extinguisher in a dry, well ventilated place.

SECTION III. Composition/Information on Ingredients

This product is a mixture.

Chemical Name	Weight %*	CAS #
Monoammonium phosphate	85	7722-76-1
Barium Sulfate	8	7727-43-7
Mica	< 3	12001-26-2
Amorphous Silica (non-crystalline)	< 3	112926-00-8 (7631-86-9)
Stannous octoate	< .3	301-10-0
Silicone	< .1	63148-57-2
Pigment	< .1	6358-31-2
Note: Pressurized product uses nitrogen as the expellant		7727-37-9

* % is rounded to the nearest appropriate number. Values are not to be considered product specifications

SECTION IV. First Aid Measures

Eye Exposure- Flush eyes with water until pain-free. If irritation develops or persists, seek medical attention.

Skin Exposure- Wash with plenty of soap and water. If irritation develops or persists, seek medical attention.

Inhalation- Move victim to fresh air. If irritation develops or persists, seek medical attention.

Ingestion- If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-3 glasses of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs and the victim is conscious, give additional water to further dilute the chemical. Prevent aspiration of swallowed product by laying victim on side with head lower than their waist. Seek medical attention. Do not leave victim unattended.

Medical Conditions Possibly Aggravated by Exposure- Inhalation of the product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory conditions such as asthma, emphysema, or bronchitis. Contact with the skin may aggravate an existing skin disease. Chronic overexposure may cause pneumoconiosis (“Dusty Lung” disease).

SECTION V. Firefighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: N/A. This product is an extinguishing agent. It is nonflammable and noncombustible.
Special Firefighting Procedures: N/A
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This product may decompose in fire and release oxides of carbon, potassium, and nitrogen (Refer to Section X).
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact or Static Discharge: None

SECTION VI. Accidental Release Measures

In case of accidental release, use the appropriate respiratory protection. Clean up the product using a vacuum or wet sweep and shovel to minimize the generation of dust. Bag or drum the product for disposal. If the product is used and/or contaminated, use personal protective equipment and containment means that are appropriate for the composition of the mixture. Product should be prevented from entering waterways.

SECTION VII. Handling and Storage

Avoid eye, respiratory, and skin exposure. Use the appropriate personal protective equipment when handling. Wash thoroughly after handling (Refer to Section VIII). Product should be stored in its original container or extinguisher. When the product is contained under pressure (e.g., an extinguisher), inspect the container for rust or damage that may compromise the container integrity. Do not store the product in high humidity and do not mix with other extinguishing agents, particularly potassium bicarbonate-based agents.

SECTION VIII. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
Monoammonium phosphate	Particulates Not Otherwise Classified Total Dust- 15 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction- 5 mg/m³	Particulates Not Otherwise Classified Total Dust- 10 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction- 3 mg/m³
Barium sulfate	Particulates Not Otherwise Classified Total Dust- 15 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction- 5 mg/m³	Particulates Not Otherwise Classified Total Dust- 10 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction- 3 mg/m³
Mica	6 mg/m³	3 mg/m³
Amorphous Silica	6 mg/m³	10 mg/m³
Stannous octoate	.1 mg/m³	.1 mg/m³
Silicone	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Pigment	Not Regulated	Not Regulated

During the use of this product on fires, exhaust gases and products of incomplete combustion are the main respiratory hazards. In the manufacture of this product, employers and employees must use their collective judgment in determining the on-the-job settings where the use of a dust mask or respirator is prudent. The need for respiratory protection is not likely for short-term use in well-ventilated areas.

Respiratory Protection: Use an N-95 dust mask for limited exposures and use air-purifying respirators with high efficiency particulate air filters (HEPA filters) for prolonged exposures.

Eye Protection: Wear chemical goggles or full-face air-purifying respirator.

Skin Protection: Use nitrile, latex, or similar gloves and coveralls. Good personal hygiene practices are essential. After handling the product, avoid food, tobacco products, or other means of transferring the product from hand to mouth until after thoroughly washing.

SECTION IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Chemical Agent
Appearance and Odor: Light yellow fine powder that is odorless.
Apparent Density: 0.82
Solubility: The product is coated with water repellant silicone. Not immediately soluble in water.
pH: Approximately 4 -5
Flash Point: N/A
Flammability: N/A
Vapor Pressure: N/A
Boiling Point: N/A
Explosive or Oxidizing Properties: None

Expellant- Nitrogen
Appearance and Odor: Colorless and odorless.
Specific Gravity: 0.075 lb./ft³@ 70°F as vapor
Solubility: N/A
pH: N/A
Flash Point: Nonflammable
Flammability: Nonflammable
Vapor Pressure: N/A
Boiling Point: -321°F
Explosive or Oxidizing Properties: None

SECTION X. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Pressurized containers may rupture or explode if exposed to high heat
Stability: Stable
Incompatibles: Magnesium, strong oxidizers such as calcium hypochlorite (pool chlorine), strong alkalis, and isocyanic acids.
Decomposition Products: This product may decompose in fire and release carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and sulfur dioxide. Oxides of phosphorous and ammonia have been reported.
Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur
Hazardous Reactions: None

SECTION XI. Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity: Monoammonium phosphate LD50 (rat): > 1000mg/kg body weight.
Target organs in humans: respiratory system, eyes, and skin. This product is an irritant to epithelial tissue and may aggravate dermatitis. No indication that the product causes sensitization.

Chronic Toxicity: Pneumoconiosis, or "Dusty Lung" disease, may result from chronic exposure to any dust.

Reproductive Toxicity: This product is not known to have any reproductive effects.

Nitrogen: Simple asphyxiant. Exposure at high concentrations can cause suffocation by reducing the available oxygen.

SECTION XII. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: Negative effects are unknown. Provides nutrient nitrogen and phosphorous to plant life.
Degradability: Degrades rapidly in wet or humid environment.
Bioaccumulation: Unknown extent.
Mobility in Soil: Water-soluble. May leech into groundwater.

SECTION XIII. Disposal Consideration

This product is not a RCRA characteristically hazardous or listed hazardous waste. Dispose of according to state or local laws, which may be more restrictive than federal regulations. Be aware that product used on a fire may be altered or contaminated and thereby require different disposal considerations.

SECTION XIV. Transportation Information

This product is not defined as a hazardous material under U.S. Department of Transportation 49 CFR 172, or by Transport Canada "Transportation of Dangerous Goods" regulations.

Please Note: Although this material is not considered hazardous, when contained in a stored pressure fire extinguisher pressurized with a nonflammable gas, the extinguisher itself is considered a hazardous material by the U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) and Transport Canada (TC). The proper shipping name shall be Fire Extinguisher and the UN Identification Number is UN 1044. The USDOT hazard class is Limited Quantity when pressurized to less than 241 psig and when shipped via highway or rail. For shipment by Air or Water consult the current IATA or IMDG Regulations respectively.

SECTION XV. Regulatory Information

International Inventory Status: All ingredients are on the following inventories

Country	Agency	Country	Agency
U.S.A.	TSCA	Australia	AICS
Canada	DSL	Japan	MITI
Europe	EINECS/ELINCS	South Korea	KECL

European Risk and Safety Phrases:

EU Classification- Harmful

R Phrases-	22	Harmful if swallowed
	36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system, and skin.
S Phrases-	26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
	36	Wear suitable protective clothing

U.S. Federal Regulatory Information:

Non-pressurized; None of the chemicals in this product are under SARA reporting requirements or have SARA Threshold Planning Quantities or CERCLA Reportable Quantities or are regulated under TSCA 8(d).
Pressurized: SARA Title III Section 311/312 Categorization is Pressure Hazard

State Regulatory Information:

Chemicals in this product are covered under the specific State regulations noted:

Alaska	Designated Toxic and Hazardous Substances- None		
California	Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants- None		
Florida	Substance list- Mica dust	Pennsylvania	Hazardous Substance List- None
Illinois	Toxic Substance List- No	Rhode Island	Hazardous Substance List- Mica dust
Kansas	Section 302/303 List- None	Texas	Hazardous Substance List- No
Massachusetts	Substance list- Mica dust	West Virginia	Hazardous Substance List- None
Minnesota	List of Hazardous Substances- None	Wisconsin	Toxic and Hazardous Substances- None
Missouri	Employer Information/Toxic Substance List- None		
New Jersey	Right to Know Hazardous Substance List- None		
North Dakota	List of Hazardous Chemicals, Reportable Quantities- None		

California Proposition 65- No component is listed on the California Proposition 65 List

SECTION XVI. Other Information

This Safety Data Sheet prepared in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS)

HMIS RATINGS:

Health	1
Flammability	0
Reactivity	0

Personal Protective Equipment: use N-95 dust mask (See Section 8)

WHMIS (Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification)
D2B- May irritate eyes, mucous membranes, and/or skin

Revised on 7/24/19: Page 1, Section II GHS-classification (Non-pressurized) changed (Class) to (Category) Skin Irritation: Class 3 to Category 5, and Inhalations from Class 5 to Category 5. Revised 8/5/19 (Section II) to add "Acute Toxicity" to Inhalation: Category 5

Common Name: ABC DRY CHEMICAL FIRE EXTINGUISHANT
Manufacturer: BUCKEYE FIRE EQUIPMENT
SDS Revision Date: 4/1/2015
SDS Format: GHS-US

Grainger Item Number(s): 2LBP1, 31CA37, 35WT05, 35WT06, 35WT07, 35WT08, 35WT09, 35WT10, 35WT11, 35WT41, 35WT42, 35WT43, 35WT44, 3GRW5, 3GRW6, 3GRW7, 3GRW8, 3GRY3, 3GRY4, 3GRY5, 3GRY6, 3GRY7, 3GRY8, 3GRZ4, 44YZ28, 44YZ29, 44YZ30, 44YZ31, 44YZ33, 44YZ35

Manufacturer Model Number(s):

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

ABC DRY CHEMICAL

SECTION I. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

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PRODUCT NAME: ABC DRY CHEMICAL FIRE EXTINGUISHANT

SYNONYM: MULTI-PURPOSE DRY CHEMICAL

MANUFACTURER:
BUCKEYE FIRE EQUIPMENT COMPANY
110 KINGS ROAD
KINGS MOUNTAIN, NC 28086

TELEPHONE: 704.739.7415

WEB ADDRESS: WWW.BUCKEYEFIRE.COM

EMAIL ADDRESS: BFEC@BUCKEYEF.COM

RECOMMENDED USE: FIRE SUPPRESSION, NOT FOR HUMAN OR ANIMAL DRUG USE.

EMERGENCY:
CHEMTREC: 1.800.424.9300

REVISION DATE: 04/2015

SECTION II. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

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GHS - CLASSIFICATION:
EYE IRRITATION: CLASS 2B
SKIN IRRITATION: CLASS 3
INHALATION: CLASS 5

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS:

HAZARD SYMBOLS: EXCLAMATION MARK

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:
H313: MAY BE HARMFUL IN CONTACT WITH SKIN.
H320: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION
H333: MAY BE HARMFUL IF INHALED.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

P101:
IF MEDICAL ADVICE IS NEEDED, HAVE PRODUCT CONTAINER OR LABEL AT HAND.

P102: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

P234: KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER.

P251: PRESSURIZED CONTAINER; DO NOT PIERCE OR BURN, EVEN AFTER USE

P261: AVOID BREATHING DUST

P264: WASH HANDS AND FACE THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING

P270: DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE WHEN USING THIS PRODUCT

P281: USE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AS REQUIRED

P285: IN CASE OF INADEQUATE VENTILATION, WEAR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

P301+322+331:
IF SWALLOWED, DRINK 2-3 GLASSES OF WATER AND DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING

302+352: IF ON SKIN, WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER

304+313+341:
IF INHALED, AND IF DISTRESS OCCURS, REMOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR AND KEEP AT REST IN A POSITION COMFORTABLE FOR BREATHING. SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE/ATTENTION.

305+351+338:
IF IN EYES, RINSE CAUTIOUSLY WITH WATER FOR SEVERAL MINUTES. REMOVE CONTACT LENSES IF PRESENT AND EAST TO DO, AND CONTINUE TO RINSE.

337+313: IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL ADVICE/ATTENTION.

P401+402+403:
STORE IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER OR EXTINGUISHER IN A DRY, WELL VENTILATED PLACE.

SECTION III. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

top

THIS PRODUCT IS A MIXTURE.

CHEMICAL NAME	WEIGHT %*	CAS #
MONOAMMONIUM PHOSPHATE	85	7722-76-1
BARIUM SULFATE	10	7727-43-7
MICA	<3	12001-26-2
SILICA	<2	7631-86-9
STANNOUS OCTOATE	<.3	301-10-0
SILICONE	<.1	63148-57-2
PIGMENT	<.1	6358-31-2

* % IS ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST APPROPRIATE NUMBER. VALUES ARE NOT TO BE CONSIDERED PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

SECTION IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

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EYE EXPOSURE:
FLUSH EYES WITH WATER UNTIL PAIN-FREE. IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

SKIN EXPOSURE:
WASH WITH PLENTY OF SOAP AND WATER. IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

INHALATION:
MOVE VICTIM TO FRESH AIR. IF IRRITATION DEVELOPS OR PERSISTS, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

INGESTION:
IF VICTIM IS CONSCIOUS AND ALERT, GIVE 2-3 GLASSES OF WATER TO DRINK. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. IF VOMITING OCCURS AND THE VICTIM IS CONSCIOUS, GIVE ADDITIONAL WATER TO FURTHER DILUTE THE CHEMICAL. PREVENT ASPIRATION OF SWALLOWED PRODUCT BY LAYING VICTIM ON SIDE WITH HEAD LOWER THAN THEIR WAIST. SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION. DO NOT LEAVE VICTIM UNATTENDED.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS POSSIBLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:
INHALATION OF THE PRODUCT MAY AGGRAVATE EXISTING CHRONIC RESPIRATORY CONDITIONS SUCH AS ASTHMA, EMPHYSEMA, OR BRONCHITIS. CONTACT WITH THE SKIN MAY AGGRAVATE AN EXISTING SKIN DISEASE. CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE PNEUMOCONIOSIS ("DUSTY LUNG" DISEASE).

SECTION V. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

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EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:
N/A. THIS PRODUCT IS AN EXTINGUISHING AGENT. IT IS NONFLAMMABLE AND NONCOMBUSTIBLE.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: N/A

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:
THIS PRODUCT MAY DECOMPOSE IN FIRE AND RELEASE OXIDES OF CARBON, POTASSIUM, AND NITROGEN (REFER TO SECTION X).

SENSITIVITY TO MECHANICAL IMPACT OR STATIC DISCHARGE: NONE

SECTION VI. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

top

IN CASE OF ACCIDENTAL RELEASE, USE THE APPROPRIATE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION. CLEAN UP THE PRODUCT USING A VACUUM OR WET SWEEP AND SHOVEL TO MINIMIZE THE GENERATION OF DUST. BAG OR DRUM THE PRODUCT FOR DISPOSAL. IF THE PRODUCT IS USED AND/OR CONTAMINATED, USE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CONTAINMENT MEANS THAT ARE APPROPRIATE FOR THE COMPOSITION OF THE MIXTURE. PRODUCT SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM ENTERING WATERWAYS.

SECTION VII. HANDLING AND STORAGE

top

AVOID EYE, RESPIRATORY, AND SKIN EXPOSURE. USE THE APPROPRIATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT WHEN HANDLING. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING (REFER TO SECTION VIII). PRODUCT SHOULD BE STORED IN ITS ORIGINAL CONTAINER OR EXTINGUISHER. WHEN THE PRODUCT IS CONTAINED UNDER PRESSURE (E.G., AN EXTINGUISHER), INSPECT THE CONTAINER FOR RUST OR DAMAGE THAT MAY COMPROMISE THE CONTAINER INTEGRITY. DO NOT STORE THE PRODUCT IN HIGH HUMIDITY AND DO NOT MIX WITH OTHER EXTINGUISHING AGENTS, PARTICULARLY POTASSIUM BICARBONATE BASED AGENTS.

SECTION VIII. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

top

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV
MONOAMONIUM PHOSPHATE	PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED	PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED
	TOTAL DUST: 15 MG/M3	TOTAL DUST: 10 MG/M3
	RESPIRABLE FRACTION: 5 MG/M3	RESPIRABLE FRACTION: 3 MG/M3
BARIUM SULFATE	PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED	PARTICULATES NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED
	TOTAL DUST: 15 MG/M3	TOTAL DUST: 10 MG/M3
	RESPIRABLE FRACTION: 5 MG/M3	RESPIRABLE FRACTION: 3 MG/M3
MICA	6 MG/M3	3 MG/M3

SILICA	6 MG/M3	10 MG/M3
STANNOUS OCTOATE	.1 MG/M3	.1 MG/M3
SILICONE	NOT REGULATED	NOT REGULATED
PIGMENT	NOT REGULATED	NOT REGULATED

DURING THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT ON FIRES, EXHAUST GASES AND PRODUCTS OF INCOMPLETE COMBUSTION ARE THE MAIN RESPIRATORY HAZARDS. IN THE MANUFACTURE OF THIS PRODUCT, EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES MUST USE THEIR COLLECTIVE JUDGMENT IN DETERMINING THE ON-THE-JOB SETTINGS WHERE THE USE OF A DUST MASK OR RESPIRATOR IS PRUDENT. THE NEED FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IS NOT LIKELY FOR SHORT-TERM USE IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:
USE AN N-95 DUST MASK FOR LIMITED EXPOSURES AND USE AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATORS WITH HIGH EFFICIENCY PARTICULATE AIR FILTERS (HEPA FILTERS) FOR PROLONGED EXPOSURES.

EYE PROTECTION:
WEAR CHEMICAL GOGGLES OR FULL-FACE AIR-PURIFYING RESPIRATOR.

SKIN PROTECTION:
USE NITRILE, LATEX, OR SIMILAR GLOVES AND COVERALLS. GOOD PERSONAL HYGIENE PRACTICES ARE ESSENTIAL. AFTER HANDLING THE PRODUCT, AVOID FOOD, TOBACCO PRODUCTS, OR OTHER MEANS OF TRANSFERRING THE PRODUCT FROM HAND TO MOUTH UNTIL AFTER THOROUGHLY WASHING.

SECTION IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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APPEARANCE AND ODOR: LIGHT YELLOW FINE POWDER THAT IS ODORLESS.

APPARENT DENSITY: 0.82

SOLUBILITY:
THE PRODUCT IS COATED WITH WATER REPELLANT SILICONE. NOT IMMEDIATELY SOLUBLE IN WATER.

PH: APPROXIMATELY 4 -5

FLASH POINT: N/A

FLAMMABILITY: N/A

VAPOR PRESSURE: N/A

BOILING POINT: N/A

EXPLOSIVE OR OXIDIZING PROPERTIES: NONE

SECTION X. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

top

STABILITY: STABLE

INCOMPATIBLES:
MAGNESIUM, STRONG OXIDIZERS SUCH AS CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE (POOL CHLORINE), STRONG ALKALIS, AND ISOCYANURIC ACIDS.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:
THIS PRODUCT MAY DECOMPOSE IN FIRE AND RELEASE CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, AND SULFUR DIOXIDE. OXIDES OF PHOSPHOROUS AND AMMONIA HAVE BEEN REPORTED.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: NONE

SECTION XI. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

top

ACUTE TOXICITY:

MONOAMMONIUM PHOSPHATE LD50 (RAT): >1000 MG/KG BODY WEIGHT.

TARGET ORGANS IN HUMANS:
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, EYES, AND SKIN. THIS PRODUCT IS AN IRRITANT TO EPITHELIAL TISSUE AND MAY AGGRAVATE DERMATITIS. NO INDICATION THAT THE PRODUCT CAUSES SENSITIZATION.

CHRONIC TOXICITY:
PNEUMOCONIOSIS, OR "DUSTY LUNG" DISEASE, MAY RESULT FROM CHRONIC EXPOSURE TO ANY DUST.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:
THIS PRODUCT IS NOT KNOWN TO HAVE ANY REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS.

SECTION XII. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

top

ECOTOXICITY:
NEGATIVE EFFECTS ARE UNKNOWN. PROVIDES NUTRIENT NITROGEN AND PHOSPHOROUS TO PLANT LIFE.

DEGRADABILITY: DEGRADES RAPIDLY IN WET OR HUMID ENVIRONMENT.

BIOACCUMULATION: UNKNOWN EXTENT.

MOBILITY IN SOIL: WATER-SOLUBLE. MAY LEECH IN TO GROUNDWATER.

SECTION XIII. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

top

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT A RCRA CHARACTERISTICALLY HAZARDOUS OR LISTED HAZARDOUS WASTE. DISPOSE OF ACCORDING TO STATE OR LOCAL LAWS, WHICH MAY BE MORE RESTRICTIVE THAN FEDERAL REGULATIONS. BE AWARE THAT PRODUCT USED ON A FIRE MAY BE ALTERED OR CONTAMINATED AND THEREBY REQUIRE DIFFERENT DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

SECTION XIV. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

top

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT DEFINED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL UNDER U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 49 CFR 172, OR BY TRANSPORT CANADA "TRANSPORTATION OF DANGEROUS GOODS" REGULATIONS.

PLEASE NOTE:
ALTHOUGH THIS MATERIAL IS NOT CONSIDERED HAZARDOUS, WHEN CONTAINED IN A STORED PRESSURE FIRE EXTINGUISHER PRESSURIZED WITH A NONFLAMMABLE GAS, THE EXTINGUISHER ITSELF IS CONSIDERED A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (USDOT) AND TRANSPORT CANADA (TC). THE PROPER SHIPPING NAME SHALL BE FIRE EXTINGUISHER AND THE UN IDENTIFICATION NUMBER IS UN 1044. THE USDOT HAZARD CLASS IS LIMITED QUANTITY WHEN PRESSURIZED TO LESS THAN 241 PSIG AND WHEN SHIPPED VIA HIGHWAY OR RAIL. USE CLASS 2.2, NON-FLAMMABLE GAS, WHEN SHIPPING VIA AIR.

SECTION XV. REGULATORY INFORMATION

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INTERNATIONAL INVENTORY STATUS:
ALL INGREDIENTS ARE ON THE FOLLOWING INVENTORIES

COUNTRY	AGENCY
U.S.A.	TSCA
CANADA	DSL
EUROPE	EINECS/ELINCS
AUSTRALIA	AICS
JAPAN	MITI
SOUTH KOREA	KECL

EUROPEAN RISK AND SAFETY PHRASES:
EU CLASSIFICATION: HARMFUL

R PHRASES:
22: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED
36/37/38: IRRITATING TO EYES, RESPIRATORY SYSTEM, AND SKIN.

S PHRASES:

26:
IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH EYES, RINSE IMMEDIATELY WITH PLENTY OF WATER AND SEEK MEDICAL ADVICE

36: WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:
NONE OF THE CHEMICALS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE UNDER SARA REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OR HAVE SARA THRESHOLD PLANNING QUANTITIES OR CERCLA REPORTABLE QUANTITIES, OR ARE REGULATED UNDER TSCA 8(D).

STATE REGULATORY INFORMATION:

CHEMICALS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE COVERED UNDER THE SPECIFIC STATE REGULATIONS NOTED:

ALASKA:
DESIGNATED TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: NONE

CALIFORNIA:
PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS: NONE

FLORIDA:

SUBSTANCE LIST: MICA DUST

ILLINOIS:
TOXIC SUBSTANCE LIST: NONE

KANSAS:
SECTION 302/303 LIST: NONE

MASSACHUSETTS:
SUBSTANCE LIST: MICA DUST

MINNESOTA:
LIST OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: NONE

MISSOURI:
EMPLOYER INFORMATION/TOXIC SUBSTANCE LIST: NONE

NEW JERSEY:
RIGHT TO KNOW HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST: NONE

NORTH DAKOTA:
LIST OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS, REPORTABLE QUANTITIES: NONE

PENNSYLVANIA:
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST: NONE

RHODE ISLAND:
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST: MICA DUST

TEXAS:
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST: NO

WEST VIRGINIA:
HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE LIST: NONE

WISCONSIN:
TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES: NONE

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:
NO COMPONENT IS LISTED ON THE CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 LIST

SECTION XVI. OTHER INFORMATION

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THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA'S HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD (29 CFR 1910.1200) AND THE GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS (GHS)

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH	1
FLAMMABILITY	0
REACTIVITY	0
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	USE N-95 DUST MASK (SEE SECTION 8)

WHMIS (CANADIAN WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION):
D2B: MAY IRRITATE EYES, MUCOUS MEMBRANES, AND/OR SKIN

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS GIVEN IN GOOD FAITH AS TYPICAL VALUES AND NOT AS PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS. NO WARRANTY, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS HEREBY MADE.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:	ABC Dry Chemical Fire Extinguishant
Other Identifiers:	Multi-purpose Dry Chemical
Product Code(s):	CH555, F13, F11
Model Code(s) of Extinguishers:	402, IS 18ABC, IS35ABC, IS 45ABC, 13ABC, V25ABC, VH25ABC, V30ABC, VH30ABC, V50ABC, VS50ABC, VS75ABC, V250ABC
Recommended Use:	Fire suppression, not for human or animal drug use.
Manufacturer:	AMEREX CORPORATION
Internet Address:	www.amerex-fire.com
Address:	7595 Gadsden Highway, P.O. Box 81 Trussville, AL 35173-0081
Company Telephone:	(205) 655-3271
E-mail Address:	info@amerex-fire.com
Emergency Contacts:	Chemtrec 1(800) 424-9300 or (703) 527–3887
Revised:	March 13, 2018

Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS – Classification

Health	Environmental	Physical
Acute Toxicity: Category 5	None	None
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 3	None	None
Skin Sensitization: NO	None	None
Eye: Category 2A	None	Warning
STOT – Category 3	None	Warning
Carcinogen: Category None	None	None

GHS – Label Symbol(s):

If Pressurized: Gas Under Pressure

GHS – Words(s): **Warning**

Other Hazards Not Resulting in Classification: Mica may contain small quantities of quartz (crystalline silica). Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust at concentrations exceeding the occupational exposure limits may increase the risk of developing a disabling

lung disease known as silicosis. IARC found limited evidence for pulmonary carcinogenicity of crystalline silica in humans. In the case of normal use of this product, exposure to silica should be nil.

The attapulgite clay used in this product has a fiber length of less than 5um; therefore, the clay is not considered to be carcinogenic in animals or humans.

GHS – Hazard Phrases

GHS Hazard	GHS Codes(s)	Code Phrase(s)
Physical	H229	*- Contents under pressure; may explode if heated.
Health	H303 315 319 335	May be harmful if swallowed Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation
Environmental	None	
Precautionary:		
General	P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand
Prevention	P251 261 264 280	Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	P312 321 362 302+352 304+340 305+351+338 332+313 342+311 337+313	Call a doctor if you feel unwell. Specific treatment (see Section 4. First Aid Measures) Take off contaminated clothing. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor. If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.
Storage	P410 +403	*- Protect from sunlight. Store in well-ventilated place.
Disposal	P501	Dispose of contents through a licensed disposal company. Contaminated container should be disposed of as unused product.

*- If under pressure

Section 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	EC No.	REACH Reg. No.	CAS-No.	Weight %	Classification
Mono-ammonium phosphate	231-764-5	01-2119488166-29	7722-76-1	80-98	NA
Attapulgite clay	601-805-5	Not Available	12174-11-7	3-16	NA
Mica- potassium aluminum silicate	310-1276	Not Available	12001-26-2	1-2	NA
Silicone oil methyl hydrogen polysiloxane	613-152-3	Not Available	63148-57-2	<1	NA
Calcium carbonate	207-439-9	Not Available	1317-65-3	<1	NA
Amorphous silica precipitated synthetic zeolite	231-545-4	01-2119379499-16-0036	7631-86-9	<1	NA
Yellow 14 pigment – di-azo dye	226-789-3	Not Available	5468-75-7	<1	NA

Emergency overview: Light yellow, fine solid powder, odorless.

Adverse health effects and symptoms: Mild irritant to the respiratory system. Irritant to eyes, and skin. Symptoms may include coughing,

shortness of breath, and irritation of the lungs, eyes, and skin. Ingestion, although unlikely, may cause cramps, nausea and diarrhea.

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Exposure:	May cause irritation. Irrigate eyes with water and repeat until pain free. Seek medical attention if irritation develops, or if vision changes occur.
Skin Exposure:	May cause skin irritation. In case of contact, wash with plenty of soap and water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Inhalation:	May cause irritation, along with coughing. If respiratory irritation or distress occurs remove victim to fresh air. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion:	Overdose symptoms may include numbness or tingling in hands or feet, uneven heart rate, paralysis, feeling faint, chest pain or heavy feeling, pain spreading to the arm or shoulder, nausea, diarrhea, sweating, general ill feeling, or seizure (convulsions). If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-3 glasses of water to drink. If conscious, do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not leave victim unattended. To prevent aspiration of swallowed product, lay victim on side with head lower than waist.
Medical conditions possibly aggravated by exposure:	Inhalation of product may aggravate existing chronic respiratory problems such as asthma, emphysema, or bronchitis. Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease. Chronic overexposure may cause pneumoconiosis (“dusty lung” disease).

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties:	Not flammable
Flash Point:	Not determined
Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Non-combustible. Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding conditions.
Hazardous Combustion Products:	Carbon oxides

Explosion Data:

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:	Not sensitive
Sensitivity to Static Discharge:	Not sensitive
Unusual fire/explosion hazards:	In a fire this material may decompose, releasing oxides of carbon, potassium and nitrogen (see Section 10).
Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters:	As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand. NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing.
Personal Protective Equipment:	Minimum - safety glasses, gloves, and a dust respirator.
Emergency Procedures:	NA
Methods for Containment:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods for Clean Up:	Avoid dust formation; clean up released material using vacuum or wet sweep and shovel to minimize generation of dust. Bag and transfer to properly labeled containers. Ventilate area and wash spill site after material pickup is complete.
Other:	If product is contaminated, use PPE and containment appropriate to the nature of the most toxic chemical/material in the mixture.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Personal Precautions:	Use appropriate PPE when handling or maintaining equipment, and wash thoroughly after handling (see Section 8).
Conditions for Safe Storage:	Keep product in original container or extinguisher. Contents may be under pressure – inspect for extinguisher rust periodically to ensure container integrity.
Incompatible Products:	Do not mix with other extinguishing agents, particularly potassium bicarbonate and sodium bicarbonate. Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents and strong acids. Do not store in high humidity. Do not combine with chlorine compounds.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	DFG MAK *	EU BLV
Mono-ammonium phosphate	PNOC** Total dust, 15 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 5 mg/m^3	PNOC Total dust, 10 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 3 mg/m^3	PNOC Total dust, 4 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 1.5 mg/m^3	NA
Mica	6 mg/m^3	3 mg/m3	-------	NA
Attapulgite clay	PNOC** Total dust, 15 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 5 mg/m^3	PNOC Total dust, 10 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 3 mg/m^3	PNOC Total dust, 4 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 1.5 mg/m^3	
Silicone oil	NR**	NR		
Calcium carbonate	PNOC Total dust, 15 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 5 mg/m^3	PNOC Total dust, 10 mg/m^3 Respirable fraction, 3 mg/m^3	-------	NA
Amorphous silica	20mppcf 80 mg/m^3 or % SiO_2	10 mg/m^3	4 mg/m^3	NA
Yellow 14 pigment	NR	NR	NR	NA

*German regulatory limits **PNOC = Particulates not otherwise classified (ACGIH) also known as Particulates not otherwise regulated (OSHA) *** NR = Not Regulated. All values are 8 hour time weighted average concentrations.

Engineering Controls: Showers
Eyewash stations
Ventilation systems

Personal Protective Equipment – PPE Code E:

The need for respiratory protection is not probable during short-term exposure. During production, the manufacturer should use judgement concerning the need for PPE.




Eye/Face Protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles
Skin and Body Protection: Wear protective gloves/coveralls
Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn. Use P100 respirators for limited exposure. Use air-purifying respirator (APR) with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters for prolonged

	exposure. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations. The need for respiratory protection is not likely for short-term use in well ventilated areas.
Hygiene Measures:	Good personal hygiene practices essential, such as avoiding food, tobacco products, or other hand-to-mouth contact when handling. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	Light yellow powder, finely divided odorless solid
Molecular Weight:	NH4H2PO4: 115.03
Odor:	Odorless
Odor Threshold:	No information available
Decomposition Temperature ^{o}C:	100 - 120
Freezing Point ^{o}C:	No information available
Initial Boiling Point ^{o}C:	No information available
Physical State:	Crystalline Powder
pH:	Approximately 4.4 to 4.9
Flash Point ^{o}C:	None
Autoignition Temperature ^{o}C:	None
Boiling Point/Range ^{o}C:	No information available
Melting Point/Range ^{o}C:	NH4H2PO4: 190
Flammability/Explosion Limits in Air ^{o}C:	Upper – None; Lower-None
Explosive Properties:	None
Oxidizing Properties:	None
Volatile Component (%vol)	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate:	No information available
Vapor Density:	No information available
Vapor Pressure:	NH4H2PO4: 1.41 mm/Hg
Specific gravity at 25 ^{o}C:	NH4H2PO4: 1.80
Solubility:	40.4 g/100 ml
Partition Coefficient:	NH4H2PO4 Est: -4.11
Viscosity:	No information available

NOTE: NH4H2PO4 – Monoammonium Phosphate

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.
Incompatibles:	Strong oxidizing agents; Strong acids; sodium hypochlorite and chlorine compounds. Protect from moisture
Conditions to Avoid:	Storage or handling near incompatibles.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Carbon, nitrogen, and potassium oxides. Heat of fire may release carbon monoxide.
Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:	None
Hazardous Polymerization	Does not occur

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure:	Inhalation, skin and eye contact.
Symptoms:	
Inhalation:	Irritation, coughing.
Eyes:	Irritation.
Skin:	Irritation.
Acute Toxicity:	Relatively non-toxic.
Chronic Toxicity:	
Short-term Exposure:	None known.
Long-term Exposure:	As with all dusts, pneumoconiosis, or “dusty lung” disease, may result from chronic exposure.

Acute Toxicity Values - Health

Chemical Name	LD50		LC50 (Inhalation)
	Oral	Dermal	
Mono-ammonium phosphate	5750 mg/kg (rat)	>7940 mg/kg (rabbit)	Not available
Mica	None	None	None
Attapulgite clay	None	None	None
Silicone oil	None	None	None
Calcium carbonate	6450 mg/kg (rat)	500 mg/24 hr (rabbit)	Not available
Amorphous silica	>5000 mg/kg (rat)	>2000 mg/kg (rabbit)	>2.2 mg/L (rat)
Yellow 14 pigment	>17000 mg/kg (rat)	>3000 mg/kg (rat)	>4448 mg/m3 (rat)

Reproductive Toxicity:	This product’s ingredients are not known to have reproductive or teratogenic effects.
Target Organs and Effects (TOST):	Respiratory system (mild irritant). This product is a mild irritant to epithelial tissue, (eyes, mucous membranes, skin) and may aggravate dermatitis. No information was found indicating the product causes sensitization.

Other Toxicity Categories

Chemical Name	Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Carcino-genicity	Repro-ductive	TOST Single Exp	TOST Repeated Exp	Aspiration
Mono-ammonium phosphate	None	None	None	Cat 3	None	None
Attapulgite clay	None	None	None	None	None	None
Mica	None	None	None	None	None	None
Silicone oil	None	None	None	None	None	None
Calcium carbonate	None	None	None	None	None	None
Amorphous silica	None	None	None	None	None	None
Yellow 14 pigment	None	None	None	None	None	None

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: Negative effects unknown. Provides nutrient nitrogen and phosphorus to plant life.

Persistence/Degradability: Degrades rapidly in humid/wet environment.

Probability of rapid biodegradation: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ Est: 0.693 (Rapid); $(NH_4)_2SO_4$: Est: 0.684 (Rapid)

Anaerobic biodegradation probability: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ Est: 0.398 (Slow); $(NH_4)_2SO_4$: Est: 0.398 (Slow)

Bioaccummulation potential: Low.

Bioconcentration factor: $NH_4H_2PO_4$: 3.16 L/kg (wet weight) (Low BCF)

Bioaccummulation factor: $NH_4H_2PO_4$: 63.04 L/kg (wet weight)

Mobility in soil: Slow evaporation rate; water soluble, may leach to groundwater

Log Koc: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ Est: -1.25

Log Koa: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ Est: 16.72

Log Kaw: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ Est: -20.86

NOTE: $NH_4H_2PO_4$ – Mono-ammonium Phosphate

Other Adverse Ecological Effects: No other known effects at this time

Aquatic Toxicity Values – Environment – Research

Chemical Name	Acute (LC50)	Chronic (LC50)
Mono-ammonium phosphate	N/A	N/A
Mica	N/A	N/A
Attapulgite clay	N/A	N/A
Silicone oil	N/A	N/A
Calcium carbonate	N/A	N/A
Amorphous silica	N/A	N/A
Yellow 14 pigment	N/A	N/A

Aquatic Toxicity Values – Environment – Estimates

Chemical Name	Acute (LC50)	EC50
Mono-ammonium phosphate	2,91e+07 mg/L Fish 96 hr; 9.4e+06 mg/l Daphnid 48 hr;	6.70e+05 mg/L Gr. Algae 96 hr
Mica	N/A	N/A
Attapulgite clay	N/A	N/A
Silicone oil	N/A	N/A
Calcium carbonate	N/A	N/A
Amorphous silica	N/A	N/A
Yellow 14 pigment	N/A	N/A

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Safe Handling	Use appropriate PPE when handling, and wash thoroughly after handling (see Section 8).
Waste Disposal Considerations	Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations.

NOTES:
This product is not a RCRA characteristically hazardous or listed hazardous waste. Dispose of according to state or local laws, which may be more restrictive than federal laws or regulations. Used product may be altered or contaminated, creating different disposal considerations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number:	NA
UN Proper Shipping Name:	NA
Transport Hazard Class:	NA
Packing Group:	NA
Marine Pollutant?:	NO

IATA Not regulated

DOT Not regulated

NOTES:
This product is not defined as a hazardous material under U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) 49 CFR 172, or by Transport Canada “Transportation of Dangerous Goods” regulations.

Special Precautions for Shipping:
The transportation information above covers the ABC 555 dry chemical extinguisher agent as shipped in bulk containers and not when contained in fire extinguishers or fire extinguisher systems. If shipped in a stored pressure-type fire extinguisher, and pressurized with a non-flammable, non-toxic

inert expellant gas, the fire extinguisher is considered a hazardous material by the US Department of Transportation and Transport Canada. The proper shipping name shall be FIRE EXTINGUISHER and the UN designation is UN 1044. The DOT hazard class/division is LIMITED QUANTITY when pressurized to less than 241 psig and when shipped via highway or rail. UN Class 2.2. Non-Flammable Gas, when shipping via air. Packing Group – N/A

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventory Status: All ingredients are on the following inventories

Country(ies)	Agency	Status
United States of America	TSCA	Yes
Canada	DSL	Yes
Europe	EINECS/ELINCS	Yes
Australia	AICS	Yes
Japan	MITI	Yes
South Korea	KECL	Yes

REACH Title XVII Restrictions: No information available

Chemical Name	Dangerous Substances	Organic Solvents	Harmful Substances Whose Names Are to be Indicated on Label	Pollution Release and Transfer Registry (Class II)	Pollution Release and Transfer Registry (Class I)	Poison and Deleterious Substances Control Law
Monoammonium Phosphate	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Component	ISHA – Harmful Substances Prohibited for Manufacturing, Importing, Transferring, or Supplying	ISHA – Harmful Substances Requiring Permission	Toxic Chemical Classification Listing (TCCL) – Toxic Chemicals	Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) – Group I	Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) – Group II
Monoammonium Phosphate 7722-76-1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Attapulgite clay 12174-11-7 (>3)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Mica-potassium aluminum silicate 120001-26-2 (>2)	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Calcium carbonate 471-34-1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Amorphous silica 69012-64-2	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Yellow 14 pigment 5468-75-7	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

European Risk and Safety phrases:

EU Classification:	Xn - Irritant	
R Phrases:	20	Harmful by inhalation.
	36/37/38	Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
S Phrases:	22	Do not breath dust.
	24/25	Avoid contact with skin and eyes
	26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
	36	Wear suitable protective clothing.

U.S. Federal Regulatory Information:

SARA 313:
Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) - This product does not contain and chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.
None of the chemicals in this product are under SARA reporting requirements or have SARA threshold planning quantities (TPQs) or CERCLA reportable quantities (RQs), or are regulated under TSCA 8(d).

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories:

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
*-Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

* - Only applicable if material is in a pressurized extinguisher.

Clean Water/Clean Air Acts:
This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42) or Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61) and Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

U.S. State Regulatory Information:

Chemicals in this product are covered under specific State regulations, as denoted below:

Alaska - Designated Toxic and Hazardous Substances: None
California – Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants: None
Florida – Substance List: Mica Dust
Illinois – Toxic Substance List: None
Kansas – Section 302/303 List: None
Massachusetts – Substance List: Mica Dust

Minnesota – List of Hazardous Substances: None
Missouri – Employer Information/Toxic Substance List: None
New Jersey – Right to Know Hazardous Substance List: None
North Dakota – List of Hazardous Chemicals, Reportable Quantities: None
Pennsylvania – Hazardous Substance List: None
Rhode Island – Hazardous Substance List: Mica Dust
Texas – Hazardous Substance List: No
West Virginia – Hazardous Substance List: None
Wisconsin – Toxic and Hazardous Substances: None

California Proposition 65: No component is listed on the California Proposition 65 list.

Other:

Mexico – Grade	No component listed
Canada – WHMIS Hazard Class	No component listed

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

This SDS conforms to requirements under U.S., U.K., Canadian, Australian, and EU regulations or standards, and conforms to the proposed 2003 ANSI Z400.1 format.

Issuing Date	17-June-2012
Revision Date	13-March-2018
Revision Notes	None

The information herein is given in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made.
Updated by William F. Garvin, CIH.

Safety Data Sheet

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of: 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29CFR 1910.1200)

Product name ANSUL ABC Multipurpose Dry Chemical Agent - Stored Pressure System

1. Identification

1.1. Product Identifier

Product name ANSUL ABC Multipurpose Dry Chemical Agent - Stored Pressure System

1.2. Other means of identification

Product code 435028
UN/ID no UN1044
Synonyms None
Chemical Family No information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use No information available.
Uses advised against Consumer use.

1.4. Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Name Tyco Fire Protection Products
One Stanton Street
Marinette, WI 54143-2542
Telephone: 715-735-7411
Contact point Product Stewardship at 1-715-735-7411
E-mail address psra@tycofp.com

1.5. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency telephone CHEMTREC 001-800-424-9300 or 001-703-527-3887

2. Hazards Identification

Classification

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Simple asphyxiants
Gases Under Pressure - Compressed Gas

2.2. Label Elements

Signal Word
WARNING

Hazard Statements

May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary Statements

Storage
Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)
Not Applicable.

2.4. Other Information

3. Composition/information on Ingredients

3.1. Mixture
The following component(s) in this product are considered hazardous under applicable OSHA(USA)

Chemical name	CAS No.	weight-%
Attapulgite	12174-11-7	1 - 5
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	1 - 5

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General Advice Call 911 or emergency medical service. Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin contact In case of contact with liquefied gas, thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water.

Inhalation Move victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.

Ingestion If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Self-Protection of the First Aider Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed
Symptoms None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed
Note to physicians Keep victim warm and quiet.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable Extinguishing Media
Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. Dry chemical or CO2. Water spray, fog or regular foam.

5.2. Unsuitable Extinguishing Media
None.

5.3. Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical
Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Some may burn but none ignite readily.

5.4. Explosion Data
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None.
Sensitivity to Static Discharge None.

5.5. Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters
Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Stop leak if you can do it without risk.
OTHER INFORMATION	Ventilate the area.
For emergency responders	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Environmental Precautions	Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Avoid allowing water runoff to contact spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment	If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Allow substance to evaporate.
Methods for Cleaning Up	Use personal protective equipment as required. Cover powder spill with plastic sheet or tarp to minimize spreading and keep powder dry. Take up mechanically, placing in appropriate containers for disposal. Avoid creating dust. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Advice on safe handling	Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use with local exhaust ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Guard against dust accumulation of material. Use care in handling/storage. Pressurized extinguishers

should be properly stored and secured to prevent falling or being knocked over.

Incompatible Materials Strong acids.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1. Control Parameters

Exposure guidelines

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH	Mexico OEL
Attapulgite 12174-11-7	TWA: 1 mg/m³ respirable particulate matter	-	-	-
Calcium carbonate 471-34-1	-	-	TWA: 10 mg/m³ total dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ respirable dust	-

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists) OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor): NIOSH IDLH Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

8.2. Appropriate Engineering Controls

Engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Avoid contact with eyes. Tight sealing safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection No special precautions are needed in handling this material.

Respiratory Protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Ventilation Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation to control exposure with applicable limits

8.4. General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State powder
Odor odorless **Color** Yellow
Odor Threshold No data available

Property	Values	Remarks • Method
pH	No data available	
Melting point/freezing point	No data available	
Boiling point / boiling range	No data available	
Flash Point	No data available	
Evaporation Rate	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available	
Flammability limit in air		
Upper flammability limit:	No data available	
Lower flammability limit:	No data available	

Vapor Pressure	No data available
Vapor Density	No data available
Specific gravity	No data available
Water Solubility	No data available
Solubility in Other Solvents	No data available
Partition coefficient	No data available
Autoignition Temperature	No data available
Decomposition Temperature	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	No data available

10. Stability and Reactivity

10.1. Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.2. Reactivity

No data available

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Polymerization	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid

None known based on information supplied.

10.5. Incompatible Materials

Strong acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

11. Toxicological Information

11.1. Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Product information

Inhalation	May cause irritation of respiratory tract.
Eye Contact	May cause irritation.
Skin contact	May cause irritation.
Ingestion	Ingestion may cause irritation to mucous membranes.

Component Information

Acute Toxicity

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Calcium carbonate 471-34-1	= 6450 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects

Symptoms No information available.

11.3. Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity Attapulgite (palygorskite fibers) is a hydrated magnesium aluminum silicate. Long palygorskite (attapulgite) fibers (>5 micrometers) are possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Short palygorskite (attapulgite) fibers (<5 micrometers) cannot be classified as to their carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3). The attapulgite present in this product contains fibers 0.5-2.5 um range, so would be considered by IARC as Group 3. This product contains crystalline silica (quartz) in a non-respirable form. Inhalation of crystalline silica is unlikely to occur from exposure to this product.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Attapulgite 12174-11-7	-	Group 3	-	X

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)
Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans
OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)
X - Present

Reproductive Toxicity No information available.
STOT - Single Exposure No information available.
STOT - Repeated Exposure No information available.
Target organ effects Eyes, Respiratory System, Skin.
Aspiration Hazard No information available.

11.4. Numerical Measures of Toxicity - Product information

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

ATEmix (dermal) 8156 mg/kg

12. Ecological Information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Not classified.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Ammonium sulfate, technical 7783-20-2	-	LC50 96 h 460 - 1000 mg/L Leuciscus idus static; LC50 96 h 123 - 128 mg/L Poecilia reticulata semi-static; LC50 96 h = 126 mg/L Poecilia reticulata; LC50 96 h > 100 mg/L Pimephales promelas; LC50 96 h 32.2 - 41.9 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss flow-through; LC50 96 h 5.2 - 8.2 mg/L Oncorhynchus mykiss static; LC50 96 h = 18 mg/L Cyprinus carpio; LC50 96 h = 480 mg/L Brachydanio rerio flow-through; LC50 96 h = 420 mg/L Brachydanio rerio semi-static; LC50 96 h = 250 mg/L Brachydanio rerio	LC50 48 h = 14 mg/L Daphnia magna; EC50 24 h = 423 mg/L Daphnia magna
Silicic Acid/silica gel, Amorphous	EC50 (72h) = 440 mg/L	LC50 (96h) static = 5000 mg/L	EC50 (48h) = 7600 mg/L

7631-86-9	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Brachydanio rerio	Ceriodaphnia dubia

12.2. Persistence and Degradability
No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulation
No information available.

12.4. Other Adverse Effects
No information available

13. Disposal Considerations

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of wastes This material, as supplied, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste if it is mixed with or otherwise comes in contact with a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.

Contaminated Packaging Do not reuse container. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

14. Transport Information

DOT

UN/ID no	UN1044
Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2
Hazard class	2.2
Special Provisions	18, 110
Emergency Response Guide Number	126

TDG

UN/ID no	UN1044
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2
Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Hazard class	2.2

MEX

UN/ID no	UN1044
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2
Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Hazard class	2.2

ICAO (air)

UN/ID no	UN1044
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2

Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Hazard class	2.2
Special Provisions	A19

IATA

UN/ID no	UN1044
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2
Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Hazard class	2.2
ERG Code	2L
Special Provisions	A19

IMDG

UN/ID no	UN1044
Description	UN1044, Fire extinguishers, 2.2
Proper Shipping Name	Fire extinguishers
Hazard class	2.2
EmS-No	F-C, S-V
Special Provisions	225

15. Regulatory Information

15.1. International Inventories

TSCA	Complies
DSL/NDSL	Complies
ENCS	Does not comply
IECSC	Complies
KECL	Does not comply
PICCS	Complies
AICS	Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory
DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List
ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances
IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances
KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

15.2. US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372

Chemical name	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Ammonium dihydrogen phosphate - 7722-76-1	1.0
Ammonium sulfate, technical - 7783-20-2	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	No
Chronic health hazard	No
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CWA (Clean Water Act)
This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

CERCLA
This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material

15.3. US State Regulations

California Proposition 65
This product contains the following Proposition 65 chemicals

Chemical name	California Proposition 65
Attapulgite - 12174-11-7	Carcinogen

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Silicic Acid/silica gel, Amorphous 7631-86-9	-	X	X
Magnesium carbonate 546-93-0	X	X	-

16. Other information, including date of preparation of the last revision

NFPA	**Health Hazards** 0	**Flammability** 0	**Instability** 0	**Physical and chemical properties** -
HMIS	**Health Hazards** 0	**Flammability** 0	**Physical Hazards** 3	**Personal Protection** X

Revision date 13-Feb-2019
Revision note No information available.
Disclaimer
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet

Printing date 02/15/2019 Revised On 02/15/2019

1 Identification of the substance and manufacturer

Trade name: **DARK BLUE**

Product code: 0000162035
Recommended use: Paint and coating applications.
Uses advised against: Any that differs from the recommended use.
Manufacturer/Supplier:

Seymour of Sycamore
917 Crosby Avenue
Sycamore, IL 60178 USA
phone: 815-895-9101
www.seymourpaint.com

Seymour of Sycamore
3041 Dougall Avenue, Suite 503
Windsor, ONT N9E 1S3 CANADA
phone: 800-435-4482
www.seymourpaint.com

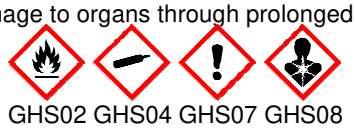
Emergency telephone number: 1-800-255-3924

2 Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Aerosol 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
Press. Gas	H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Repr. 1B	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
STOT RE 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Hazard pictograms



GHS02 GHS04 GHS07 GHS08

Signal word Danger
Hazard statements
Extremely flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Causes skin irritation.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements
Obtain special instructions before use.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Store in a well-ventilated place.
Store locked up.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical characterization: Mixtures
Chemical Description: This product is a mixture of the substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Dangerous components:		
74-98-6	propane	18.92%
108-88-3	Toluene	13.16%
106-97-8	n-butane	11.11%
1317-65-3	Calcium Carbonate	9.91%
64742-89-8	VM&P Naphtha	8.65%
64742-47-8	Mineral Spirits	2.73%

4 First-aid measures

After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints.
After skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with soap and water.
After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.
After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water.
Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects: Dizziness
Indication of any immediate medical attention needed: No further relevant information available.

5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing agents: CO2, extinguishing powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray.
Special hazards: Can form explosive gas-air mixtures.
Protective equipment for firefighters: A respiratory protective device may be necessary.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.

(Contd. on page 2)

Safety Data Sheet

Printing date 02/15/2019 Revised On 02/15/2019

Trade name: DARK BLUE

(Contd. of page 1)

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Ensure adequate ventilation.
Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Use only in well ventilated areas.
Storage requirements: Keep away from sources of heat and direct sunlight. Do not warehouse in subfreezing conditions. Store locked up.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

74-98-6 propane

PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 1800 mg/m³, 1000 ppm
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 1800 mg/m³, 1000 ppm
TLV (USA)	refer to Appendix F inTLVs&BEIs book; D, EX

108-88-3 Toluene

PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 200 ppm Ceiling limit value: 300; 500* ppm *10-min peak per 8-hr shift
REL (USA)	Short-term value: 560 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 375 mg/m³, 100 ppm
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 75 mg/m³, 20 ppm BEI

106-97-8 n-butane

REL (USA)	Long-term value: 1900 mg/m³, 800 ppm
TLV (USA)	Short-term value: 2370 mg/m³, 1000 ppm (EX)

Hygienic protection: Keep away from foodstuffs and animal feed. Wash hands after use.
Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.
Wash hands after use.
Store protective clothing separately.
Avoid contact with the skin.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.
Do not eat or drink while working.

Breathing equipment: A respirator is generally not necessary when using this product outdoors or in large open areas. In cases where short and/or long term overexposure exists, a charcoal filter respirator should be worn. If you suspect overexposure conditions exist, please consult an authority on chemical hygeine.

Hand protection: Nitrile gloves.
The glove material must be impermeable and resistant to the substance.

Eye protection: Tightly sealed goggles

9 Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Aerosol.
Odor: Aromatic
Odor threshold: Not determined.

pH-value: Not determined.
Melting point/Melting range Undetermined.
Boiling point: -44 °C (-47.2 °F)

Flash point: -19 °C (-2.2 °F)
Flammability (solid, gas): Extremely flammable.

Decomposition temperature: Not determined.

Auto igniting: Product is not self-igniting.

Danger of explosion: In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
Lower Explosion Limit: 1.5 Vol %
Upper Explosion Limit: 10.9 Vol %

Vapor pressure: Not determined.
Relative Density: Between 0.77 and 0.85 (Water equals 1.00)
Vapor density Not determined.
Evaporation rate Not applicable.
Partition coefficient: n-octonal/water: Not determined.

Solubility: Not determined.
Viscosity: Not determined.
VOC content (less exempt solvents): 42.0 %
Water: 27.1 %

10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: Stable at normal temperatures.
Conditions to avoid: Do not allow can to exceed 120 degrees Fahrenheit. Do not warehouse in subfreezing temperatures.
Chemical stability: Not fully evaluated.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: No dangerous reactions known.
Incompatible materials: No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 3)

Safety Data Sheet

Printing date 02/15/2019 Revised On 02/15/2019

Trade name: DARK BLUE

(Contd. of page 2)

Hazardous decomposition: No dangerous decomposition products known.

11 Toxicological information

LD/LC50 values that are relevant for classification:		
106-97-8 n-butane		
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	658 mg/l (rat)

Information on toxicological effects: No data available.
Skin effects: Irritant to skin and mucous membranes.
Eye effects: No irritating effect.
Sensitization: No sensitizing effects known.

12 Ecological information

Aquatic toxicity: Hazardous for water, do not empty into drains.
Persistence and degradability: The product is degradable after prolonged exposure to natural weathering processes.
Other information: This product does not contain any chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC's), perfluorocarbons (PFC's), heavy metals (chromium, lead, cadmium), or chlorinated solvents.
Bioaccumulative potential: No further relevant information available.
Mobility in soil: No further relevant information available.
Other adverse effects: No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Do not puncture, incinerate, or compact. Partially empty cans must be disposed of responsibly. Do not heat or cut empty containers with electric or gas torches.
Recommendation: Completely empty cans should be recycled.

14 Transport information

UN-Number UN1950
DOT N/A
UN1950
DOT Consumer Commodity ORM-D
Aerosols, flammable
ADR 1950 Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es):
Class 2.1
Marine pollutant: No
Special precautions for user: Warning: Gases
EMS Number: F-D,S-U
Packaging Group: --
UN "Model Regulation": UN1950, Aerosols, 2.1

15 Regulatory information

SARA Section 355 (extremely hazardous substances):
None of the ingredients in this product are listed.

SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings):	
108-88-3	Toluene

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): All hazardous ingredients for this product are found on the inventory list of substances.
Consumer Product Safety Comission (CPSC): This product complies with 16 CFR 1303 and does not contain more than 90 ppm of lead.

California Proposition 65 chemicals known to cause cancer:	
13463-67-7	titanium dioxide
100-41-4	ethyl benzene

California Proposition 65 chemicals known to cause birth defects or reproductive harm:	
108-88-3	Toluene

CANADIAN ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT: All hazardous ingredients for this product appear on the Canadian Domestic Substance List.

EPA:
None of the ingredients is listed.

16 Other information

Contact: Regulatory Affairs

SAFETY DATA SHEET
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: DOWSIL™ 732 Multi-Purpose Sealant, Clear **Issue Date:** 02/21/2018
Print Date: 02/22/2018

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: DOWSIL™ 732 Multi-Purpose Sealant, Clear

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: Adhesive, binding agents

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
2030 WILLARD H DOW CENTER
MIDLAND MI 48674-0000
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 800-424-9300
Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification
This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Label elements

Precautionary statements
Prevention
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Other hazards
No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product is a mixture.

Contains no hazardous ingredients according to GHS

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
General advice:
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air; if effects occur, consult a physician.

Skin contact: Wash off with plenty of water.

Eye contact: Flush eyes thoroughly with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses after the initial 1-2 minutes and continue flushing for several additional minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion: No emergency medical treatment necessary.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: Carbon oxides Silicon oxides

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. Use personal protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Follow safe handling advice and personal protective equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions: Discharge into the environment must be avoided. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable. For large spills, provide dyking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If dyked material can be pumped, Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absorbent. Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding certain local or national requirements.
See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the environment. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.
Use only with adequate ventilation. See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep in properly labelled containers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Do not store with the following product types: Strong oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters
If exposure limits exist, they are listed below. If no exposure limits are displayed, then no values are applicable.

Although some of the components of this product may have exposure guidelines, no exposure would be expected under normal handling conditions due to the physical state of the material.

Exposure controls
Engineering controls: Use local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, general ventilation should be sufficient for most operations. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).
Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical protective gloves should not be needed when handling this material. Consistent with general hygienic practice for any material, skin contact should be minimized.

Other protection: No precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, wear respiratory protection when adverse effects, such as respiratory irritation or discomfort have been experienced, or where indicated by your risk assessment process. For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling at elevated temperatures without sufficient ventilation, use an approved air-purifying respirator.
The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	paste
Color	colourless
Odor	acetic acid
Odor Threshold	No data available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/range	No data available
Freezing point	No data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not classified as a flammability hazard
Lower explosion limit	No data available
Upper explosion limit	No data available
Vapor Pressure	Not applicable
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.04
Water solubility	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Dynamic Viscosity	Not applicable
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive

Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
Molecular weight	No data available
Particle size	No data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Conditions to avoid: None known.

Incompatible materials: Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products: Formaldehyde.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity
Very low toxicity if swallowed. Harmful effects not anticipated from swallowing small amounts.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LD50, Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

Based on information for component(s):
LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity
Brief exposure (minutes) is not likely to cause adverse effects. Vapor from heated material may cause respiratory irritation.
As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause slight temporary eye irritation.
Corneal injury is unlikely.
May cause mild eye discomfort.

Sensitization
For skin sensitization:
Contains component(s) which did not cause allergic skin sensitization in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:
No relevant information found.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
For the major component(s):
Based on available data, repeated exposures are not anticipated to cause additional significant adverse effects.

Contains an additional component(s) that is/are encapsulated in the product and are not expected to be released under normal processing conditions or foreseeable emergency.

Carcinogenicity
For this family of materials: Did not cause cancer in long-term animal studies which used routes of exposure considered relevant to industrial handling. Positiveresults have been reported in other studies using routes of exposure not relevant to industrial handling.

Teratogenicity
Contains component(s) which did not cause birth defects or any other fetal effects in lab animals.

Reproductive toxicity
Contains component(s) which did not interfere with reproduction in animal studies.

Mutagenicity
Contains a component(s) which were negative in in vitro genetic toxicity studies. Contains component(s) which were negative in animal genetic toxicity studies.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity
No data available.

Persistence and degradability
No data available.

Bioaccumulative potential
No data available.

Mobility in soil
No data available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Recycler. Reclaimer. Incinerator or other thermal destruction device. For additional information, refer to: Handling & Storage Information, MSDS Section 7 Stability & Reactivity Information, MSDS Section10 Regulatory Information, MSDS Section 15

Treatment and disposal methods of used packaging: Empty containers should be recycled or otherwise disposed of by an approved waste management facility. Waste characterizations and compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. Do not re-use containers for any purpose.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated for transport

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Not regulated for transport

Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Not regulated for transport

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
No SARA Hazards

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) Section 103
This material does not contain any components with a CERCLA RQ.
Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

Components	CASRN	RQ (RCRA Code)
Acetic acid	64-19-7	5000 lbs RQ
Acetic anhydride	108-24-7	5000 lbs RQ

Pennsylvania Right To Know
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	CASRN
Polydimethylsiloxane hydroxy-terminated	70131-67-8
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9

California Prop. 65
This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)
All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating System

NFPA

Health	Flammability	Instability
0	1	0

HMIS

Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
0/	1	0

Revision

Identification Number: 1892070 / A001 / Issue Date: 02/21/2018 / Version: 4.0
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Full text of other abbreviations

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

US

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Dykem® Hi-Spot Blue**

Other means of identification

Part Number 83307

Synonyms FORMULA CODE(S): * 8716

Recommended use Cleaner

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ITW Pro Brands

Address 805 E. Old 56 Highway
Olathe, KS 66061

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 800-443-9536

In Case of Emergency 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Petrolatum		8009-03-8	30 - 40
Oleic Acid		112-80-1	20 - 30
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med		64742-46-7	10 - 20
Solvent Blue 35		17354-14-2	5 - 10
Amides, Tallow, Hydrogenated		61790-31-6	1 - 5
Fatty Acids, Tallow, Hydrogenated		61790-38-3	1 - 5

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hydroteated Microcrystalline wax		64742-60-5	1 - 5
Paraffin Wax		8002-74-2	0.1 - 1

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Paste.

Color Blue.

Odor Slight petroleum odor.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point > 200.0 °F (> 93.3 °C)

Evaporation rate > 1 (BuAc = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.95

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.

Other information

Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Components	Species	Test Results
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Hydroteated Microcrystalline wax (CAS 64742-60-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Oleic Acid (CAS 112-80-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	205 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Carcinogenicity

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)
Petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 02-25-2018

Version # 01

Disclaimer ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **Dykem® Hi-Spot Blue**

Other means of identification

Part Number 83307

Synonyms FORMULA CODE(S): * 8716

Recommended use Indicator paste

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name ITW Pro Brands

Address 805 E. Old 56 Highway
Olathe, KS 66061

Country (U.S.A.)

Tel: +1 800-443-9536

In Case of Emergency 1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.

Health hazards Carcinogenicity Category 1B

Environmental hazards Not classified.

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement May cause cancer.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) None known.

Supplemental information None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Petrolatum		8009-03-8	30 - 40
Oleic Acid		112-80-1	20 - 30
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med		64742-46-7	10 - 20
Solvent Blue 35		17354-14-2	5 - 10
Amides, Tallow, Hydrogenated		61790-31-6	1 - 5
Fatty Acids, Tallow, Hydrogenated		61790-38-3	1 - 5

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Hydroteated Microcrystalline wax		64742-60-5	1 - 5
Paraffin Wax		8002-74-2	0.1 - 1

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Paste.

Color Blue.

Odor Slight petroleum odor.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point > 200.0 °F (> 93.3 °C)

Evaporation rate > 1 (BuAc = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density > 1 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.95

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	0 %

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Components	Species	Test Results
Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Hydroteated Microcrystalline wax (CAS 64742-60-5)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Oleic Acid (CAS 112-80-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Guinea pig	> 3000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	74 g/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Not listed.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Further information Symptoms may be delayed.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Oleic Acid (CAS 112-80-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	205 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available.

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes
Classified hazard categories	Acute toxicity (any route of exposure) Carcinogenicity

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Paraffin Wax (CAS 8002-74-2)

California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Distillates Petroleum Hydrotreated Med (CAS 64742-46-7)

Petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 02-25-2018

Revision date 11-09-2018

Version # 02

Disclaimer ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

SAFETY DATA SHEET
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC EF **Issue Date:** 01/06/2016

Print Date: 01/29/2016

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC EF

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: Polyurethane foam.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
2030 WILLARD H DOW CENTER
MIDLAND MI 48674-0000
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 703-527-3887
Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification
This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.
Flammable aerosols - Category 2
Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas
Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation
Skin irritation - Category 2
Eye irritation - Category 2B
Respiratory sensitisation - Category 1
Skin sensitisation - Category 1
Effects on or via lactation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Inhalation

Label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal word: **DANGER!**

Hazards
Flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Causes skin and eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.
May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Polyurethane prepolymer
This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer	57029-46-6	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer	53862-89-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate	13674-84-5	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated	63449-39-8	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 7.0 - <= 13.0 %
Methyl ether	115-10-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %
Propane	74-98-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %

Note
Note: CAS 101-68-8 is an MDI isomer that is part of CAS 9016-87-9.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. An MDI skin decontamination study demonstrated that cleaning very soon after exposure is important, and that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability". Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs such as epinephrine unless absolutely necessary. If you are sensitized to diisocyanates, consult your physician regarding working with other respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream. Straight or direct water streams may not be effective to extinguish fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Isocyanates. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen cyanide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Contains flammable propellant. Aerosol cans exposed to fire can rupture and become flaming projectiles. Propellant release may result in a fireball. Vapors are

heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Water may not be effective in extinguishing fire. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Eliminate ignition sources. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and fire-affected zone until fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep personnel out of confined or poorly ventilated areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Confined space entry procedures must be followed before entering the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. See Section 10 for more specific information. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Use non-sparking tools in cleanup operations. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Milsorb®. Sand. Sawdust. Vermiculite. See Section 10 for more specific information. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapor. Never use air pressure for transferring product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep out of reach of children. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a long distance

and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use of non-sparking or explosion-proof equipment may be necessary, depending upon the type of operation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Minimize sources of ignition, such as static build-up, heat, spark or flame. Store in a dry place. See Section 10 for more specific information.

Storage stability

Storage temperature:	Storage Period:
25 °C (77 °F)	12 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Dow IHG	TWA	0.005 ppm
	Dow IHG	STEL	0.02 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	0.005 ppm
	OSHA Z-1	C	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
	NIOSH REL	TWA	0.05 mg/m3 0.005 ppm
	NIOSH REL	C	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
Isobutane	ACGIH	STEL	1,000 ppm
Methyl ether	US WEEL	TWA	1,000 ppm
Propane	ACGIH		Asphyxiant
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 1,000 ppm

This material contains a simple asphyxiant which may displace oxygen. Insure adequate ventilation to prevent an oxygen deficient atmosphere.
The minimum requirement of 19.5% oxygen at sea level (148 torr O2, dry air) provides an adequate amount of oxygen for most work assignments.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations. Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. The odor and irritancy of this material are inadequate to warn of excessive exposure. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove

barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Viton. Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.
Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When atmospheric levels may exceed the exposure guideline, use an approved air-purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor sorbent and a particle filter. For situations where the atmospheric levels may exceed the level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use a positive-pressure air-supplying respirator (air line or self-contained breathing apparatus). For emergency response or for situations where the atmospheric level is unknown, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.
The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Foam
Color	Yellow
Odor	Mild
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/range	No test data available
Freezing point	No test data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	**closed cup** -104 °C (-155 °F) *Closed Cup*
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Upper explosion limit	No test data available
Vapor Pressure	1,151 hPa at 55 °C (131 °F) *Not reported* Container is under pressure.
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No test data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.06 *Estimated.*
Water solubility	Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available

Auto-ignition temperature	No test data available
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	No
Molecular weight	No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7. Unstable at elevated temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can occur. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose and generate gas. This can cause pressure build-up and/or rupturing of closed containers. Acids.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid temperatures above 50 °C
Elevated temperatures can cause container to vent and/or rupture. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Acids. Alcohols. Amines. Ammonia. Bases. Metal compounds. Strong oxidizers. Products based on diisocyanates like TDI and MDI react with many materials to release heat. The reaction rate increases with temperature as well as with increased contact; these reactions can become violent. Contact is increased by stirring or if the other material acts as a solvent. Products based on diisocyanates such as TDI and MDI are not soluble in water and will sink to the bottom, but react slowly at the interface. The reaction forms carbon dioxide gas and a layer of solid polyurea. Reaction with water will generate carbon dioxide and heat.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Observations in animals include: Gastrointestinal irritation.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity
In confined or poorly ventilated areas, vapor can easily accumulate and can cause unconsciousness and death due to displacement of oxygen. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs.) Effects may be delayed. May cause central nervous system depression. Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed. Excessive exposure may increase sensitivity to epinephrine and increase myocardial irritability (irregular heartbeats). Decreased lung function has been associated with overexposure to isocyanates.
As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.
Material may stick to skin causing irritation upon removal.
May stain skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause moderate eye irritation.
May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Sensitization
Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction.
Animal studies have shown that skin contact with isocyanates may play a role in respiratory sensitization.

May cause allergic respiratory reaction.
MDI concentrations below the exposure guidelines may cause allergic respiratory reactions in individuals already sensitized.
Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
May cause respiratory irritation.
Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI/polymeric MDI aerosols.

Carcinogenicity
Lung tumors have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/Polymeric MDI (6 mg/m3) for their lifetime. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory

irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects reported for MDI.

Teratogenicity
In laboratory animals, MDI/polymeric MDI did not cause birth defects; other fetal effects occurred only at high doses which were toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity
Based on information for component(s): May cause harm to breastfed babies.

Mutagenicity
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative for component(s) tested. Genetic toxicity data on MDI are inconclusive. MDI was weakly positive in some in vitro studies; other in vitro studies were negative. Animal mutagenicity studies were predominantly negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 0.49 mg/l

For similar material(s): 2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS 5873-54-1). LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, Aerosol, 0.31 mg/l

For similar material(s): 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8). LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, Aerosol, 2.24 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, dust/mist, 2.24 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 7 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Isobutane

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Mouse, 1 Hour, 52 mg/l

Methyl ether

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, gas, 164000 ppm

Propane

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 425000 ppm

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute toxicity to fish
The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species.
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Based on information for a similar material:
LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on information for a similar material:
NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants
EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l
EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute toxicity to fish
The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species.

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Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Based on information for a similar material:
LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on information for a similar material:
NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants
EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l
EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute toxicity to fish
For this family of materials:
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute toxicity to fish
Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, 84 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 131 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 82 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, Respiration inhibition, 3 Hour, 784 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 32 mg/l
LOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, > 32 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 0.1 mg/l

Isobutane

Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Methyl ether

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Poecilia reticulata (guppy), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Propane

Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Persistence and degradability

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates.
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates.
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Biodegradability: For this family of materials: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 14 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 95 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.17 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 0.24 d
Method: Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.89 mg/mg

Isobutane

Biodegradability: Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.58 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 4.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Methyl ether

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.08 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 6.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Propane

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.64 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 8.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Bioaccumulation: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.59 Measured
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8 - 4.6 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater than 7).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 7.4 Estimated.

Isobutane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.76 Measured

Methyl ether

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 0.10 Measured

Propane
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.36 Measured

Mobility in soil

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer
No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate
Potential for mobility in soil is slight (Koc between 2000 and 5000).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 1300 Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated
Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).
Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.
Partition coefficient(Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

Isobutane
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 35 Estimated.

Methyl ether
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 1.29 - 14 Estimated.

Propane
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 24 - 460 Estimated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and

compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name	Aerosols
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Reportable Quantity	MDI

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Marine pollutant	Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated
Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard
Fire Hazard

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

Components	**CASRN**
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	**CASRN**
Isobutane	75-28-5
Methyl ether	115-10-6
Propane	74-98-6

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)
This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)
All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision
Identification Number: 101265380 / A001 / Issue Date: 01/06/2016 / Version: 8.0
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Asphyxiant	Asphyxiant
C	Ceiling

Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
NIOSH REL	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

SAFETY DATA SHEET
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC EF **Issue Date:** 01/06/2016

Print Date: 01/29/2016

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY encourages and expects you to read and understand the entire (M)SDS, as there is important information throughout the document. We expect you to follow the precautions identified in this document unless your use conditions would necessitate other appropriate methods or actions.

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: GREAT STUFF™ Gaps & Cracks Insulating Foam Sealant 12oz HC EF

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use
Identified uses: Polyurethane foam.

COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY
2030 WILLARD H DOW CENTER
MIDLAND MI 48674-0000
UNITED STATES

Customer Information Number: 800-258-2436
SDSQuestion@dow.com

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER
24-Hour Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC +1 703-527-3887
Local Emergency Contact: 800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification
This material is hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.
Flammable aerosols - Category 2
Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas
Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation
Skin irritation - Category 2
Eye irritation - Category 2B
Respiratory sensitisation - Category 1
Skin sensitisation - Category 1
Effects on or via lactation
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure - Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure - Category 2 - Inhalation

Label elements
Hazard pictograms

Signal word: **DANGER!**

Hazards
Flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Causes skin and eye irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause harm to breast-fed children.
May cause damage to organs (Respiratory Tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Precautionary statements

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
Avoid contact during pregnancy/ while nursing.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Wear protective gloves.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Response
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal
Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards
No data available

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical nature: Polyurethane prepolymer
This product is a mixture.

Component	CASRN	Concentration
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer	57029-46-6	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer	53862-89-8	>= 10.0 - <= 30.0 %
Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate	13674-84-5	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated	63449-39-8	>= 5.0 - <= 10.0 %
Isobutane	75-28-5	>= 7.0 - <= 13.0 %
Methyl ether	115-10-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %
Propane	74-98-6	>= 1.0 - <= 5.0 %

Note
Note: CAS 101-68-8 is an MDI isomer that is part of CAS 9016-87-9.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures
General advice: First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

Inhalation: Move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask, etc). If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Call a physician or transport to a medical facility.

Skin contact: Remove material from skin immediately by washing with soap and plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes while washing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. An MDI skin decontamination study demonstrated that cleaning very soon after exposure is important, and that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water. Discard items which cannot be decontaminated, including leather articles such as shoes, belts and watchbands. Suitable emergency safety shower facility should be available in work area.

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with water; remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue flushing eyes for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be immediately available.

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed: Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician: Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause respiratory sensitization or asthma-like symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants and antitussives may be of help. Treat bronchospasm with inhaled beta2 agonist and oral or parenteral corticosteroids. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. Exposure may increase "myocardial irritability". Do not administer sympathomimetic drugs such as epinephrine unless absolutely necessary. If you are sensitized to diisocyanates, consult your physician regarding working with other respiratory irritants or sensitizers. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome).

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use direct water stream. Straight or direct water streams may not be effective to extinguish fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
Hazardous combustion products: During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Nitrogen oxides. Isocyanates. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen cyanide.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Contains flammable propellant. Aerosol cans exposed to fire can rupture and become flaming projectiles. Propellant release may result in a fireball. Vapors are

heavier than air and may travel a long distance and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Dense smoke is produced when product burns.

Advice for firefighters
Fire Fighting Procedures: Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Stay upwind. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Water may not be effective in extinguishing fire. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Consider the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Eliminate ignition sources. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and fire-affected zone until fire is out.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Evacuate area. Only trained and properly protected personnel must be involved in clean-up operations. Keep personnel out of low areas. Keep personnel out of confined or poorly ventilated areas. Keep upwind of spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. No smoking in area. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Confined space entry procedures must be followed before entering the area. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Vapor explosion hazard. Keep out of sewers. See Section 10 for more specific information. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

Environmental precautions: Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Contain spilled material if possible. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Use non-sparking tools in cleanup operations. Eliminate all sources of ignition in vicinity of spill or released vapor to avoid fire or explosion. Check area with combustible gas detector before reentering area. Ground and bond all containers and handling equipment. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Milsorb®. Sand. Sawdust. Vermiculite. See Section 10 for more specific information. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No smoking, open flames or sources of ignition in handling and storage area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapor. Never use air pressure for transferring product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep out of reach of children. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel a long distance

and accumulate in low lying areas. Ignition and/or flash back may occur. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Containers, even those that have been emptied, can contain vapors. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld, or perform similar operations on or near empty containers. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use of non-sparking or explosion-proof equipment may be necessary, depending upon the type of operation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

Conditions for safe storage: Minimize sources of ignition, such as static build-up, heat, spark or flame. Store in a dry place. See Section 10 for more specific information.

Storage stability

Storage temperature:	Storage Period:
25 °C (77 °F)	12 Month

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	Dow IHG	TWA	0.005 ppm
	Dow IHG	STEL	0.02 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	0.005 ppm
	OSHA Z-1	C	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
	NIOSH REL	TWA	0.05 mg/m3 0.005 ppm
	NIOSH REL	C	0.2 mg/m3 0.02 ppm
Isobutane	ACGIH	STEL	1,000 ppm
Methyl ether	US WEEL	TWA	1,000 ppm
Propane	ACGIH		Asphyxiant
	OSHA Z-1	TWA	1,800 mg/m3 1,000 ppm

This material contains a simple asphyxiant which may displace oxygen. Insure adequate ventilation to prevent an oxygen deficient atmosphere.
The minimum requirement of 19.5% oxygen at sea level (148 torr O2, dry air) provides an adequate amount of oxygen for most work assignments.

Exposure controls

Engineering controls: Use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations. Provide general and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne levels below the exposure guidelines. Exhaust systems should be designed to move the air away from the source of vapor/aerosol generation and people working at this point. The odor and irritancy of this material are inadequate to warn of excessive exposure. Lethal concentrations may exist in areas with poor ventilation.

Individual protection measures

Eye/face protection: Use safety glasses (with side shields).

Skin protection

Hand protection: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Examples of acceptable glove

barrier materials include: Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Viton. Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Other protection: Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

Respiratory protection: Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. When atmospheric levels may exceed the exposure guideline, use an approved air-purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor sorbent and a particle filter. For situations where the atmospheric levels may exceed the level for which an air-purifying respirator is effective, use a positive-pressure air-supplying respirator (air line or self-contained breathing apparatus). For emergency response or for situations where the atmospheric level is unknown, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply. In confined or poorly ventilated areas, use an approved self-contained breathing apparatus or positive pressure air line with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

The following should be effective types of air-purifying respirators: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	
Physical state	Foam
Color	Yellow
Odor	Mild
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/range	No test data available
Freezing point	No test data available
Boiling point (760 mmHg)	Not applicable
Flash point	**closed cup** -104 °C (-155 °F) *Closed Cup*
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	No test data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Lower explosion limit	No test data available
Upper explosion limit	No test data available
Vapor Pressure	1,151 hPa at 55 °C (131 °F) *Not reported* Container is under pressure.
Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)	No test data available
Relative Density (water = 1)	1.06 *Estimated.*
Water solubility	Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available

Auto-ignition temperature	No test data available
Decomposition temperature	No test data available
Kinematic Viscosity	Not applicable
Explosive properties	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	No
Molecular weight	No test data available

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: No data available

Chemical stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions. See Storage, Section 7. Unstable at elevated temperatures.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Can occur. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose and generate gas. This can cause pressure build-up and/or rupturing of closed containers. Acids.

Conditions to avoid: Avoid temperatures above 50 °C
Elevated temperatures can cause container to vent and/or rupture. Exposure to elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose.

Incompatible materials: Avoid contact with: Acids. Alcohols. Amines. Ammonia. Bases. Metal compounds. Strong oxidizers. Products based on diisocyanates like TDI and MDI react with many materials to release heat. The reaction rate increases with temperature as well as with increased contact; these reactions can become violent. Contact is increased by stirring or if the other material acts as a solvent. Products based on diisocyanates such as TDI and MDI are not soluble in water and will sink to the bottom, but react slowly at the interface. The reaction forms carbon dioxide gas and a layer of solid polyurea. Reaction with water will generate carbon dioxide and heat.

Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Observations in animals include: Gastrointestinal irritation.

As product: Single dose oral LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rat, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute dermal toxicity
Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product: The dermal LD50 has not been determined.

LD50, Rabbit, > 2,000 mg/kg Estimated.

Acute inhalation toxicity
In confined or poorly ventilated areas, vapor can easily accumulate and can cause unconsciousness and death due to displacement of oxygen. Excessive exposure may cause irritation to upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. May cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs.) Effects may be delayed. May cause central nervous system depression. Symptoms of excessive exposure may be anesthetic or narcotic effects; dizziness and drowsiness may be observed. Excessive exposure may increase sensitivity to epinephrine and increase myocardial irritability (irregular heartbeats). Decreased lung function has been associated with overexposure to isocyanates.
As product: The LC50 has not been determined.

Skin corrosion/irritation
Prolonged contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness.
Material may stick to skin causing irritation upon removal.
May stain skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation
May cause moderate eye irritation.
May cause slight temporary corneal injury.

Sensitization
Skin contact may cause an allergic skin reaction.
Animal studies have shown that skin contact with isocyanates may play a role in respiratory sensitization.

May cause allergic respiratory reaction.
MDI concentrations below the exposure guidelines may cause allergic respiratory reactions in individuals already sensitized.
Asthma-like symptoms may include coughing, difficult breathing and a feeling of tightness in the chest. Occasionally, breathing difficulties may be life threatening.

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)
May cause respiratory irritation.
Route of Exposure: Inhalation

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)
Tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract and lungs has been observed in laboratory animals after repeated excessive exposures to MDI/polymeric MDI aerosols.

Carcinogenicity
Lung tumors have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/Polymeric MDI (6 mg/m3) for their lifetime. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory

irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects reported for MDI.

Teratogenicity
In laboratory animals, MDI/polymeric MDI did not cause birth defects; other fetal effects occurred only at high doses which were toxic to the mother.

Reproductive toxicity
Based on information for component(s): May cause harm to breastfed babies.

Mutagenicity
In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative for component(s) tested. Genetic toxicity data on MDI are inconclusive. MDI was weakly positive in some in vitro studies; other in vitro studies were negative. Animal mutagenicity studies were predominantly negative.

Aspiration Hazard
Based on physical properties, not likely to be an aspiration hazard.

COMPONENTS INFLUENCING TOXICOLOGY:

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 0.49 mg/l

For similar material(s): 2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS 5873-54-1). LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, Aerosol, 0.31 mg/l

For similar material(s): 4,4'-Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8). LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, Aerosol, 2.24 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 1 Hour, dust/mist, 2.24 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, dust/mist, > 7 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute inhalation toxicity
The LC50 has not been determined.

Isobutane

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Mouse, 1 Hour, 52 mg/l

Methyl ether

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, 4 Hour, gas, 164000 ppm

Propane

Acute inhalation toxicity
LC50, Rat, male and female, 4 Hour, vapour, > 425000 ppm

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.

Toxicity

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Acute toxicity to fish
The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species.
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Based on information for a similar material:
LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on information for a similar material:
NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants
EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l
EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Acute toxicity to fish
The measured ecotoxicity is that of the hydrolyzed product, generally under conditions maximizing production of soluble species.

Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
Based on information for a similar material:
LC50, Danio rerio (zebra fish), static test, 96 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 24 Hour, > 1,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
Based on information for a similar material:
NOEC, Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae), static test, 72 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 1,640 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria
Based on information for a similar material:
EC50, activated sludge, static test, 3 Hour, Respiration rates., > 100 mg/l

Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms
EC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), Based on information for a similar material:, 14 d, > 1,000 mg/kg

Toxicity to terrestrial plants
EC50, Avena sativa (oats), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l
EC50, Lactuca sativa (lettuce), Growth inhibition, 1,000 mg/l

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Acute toxicity to fish
For this family of materials:
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Acute toxicity to fish
Not expected to be acutely toxic to aquatic organisms.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is slightly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 10 and 100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish), static test, 96 Hour, 84 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, 131 mg/l

Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants
ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), static test, 96 Hour, Growth rate inhibition, 82 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

Toxicity to bacteria

EC50, activated sludge, Respiration inhibition, 3 Hour, 784 mg/l, OECD 209 Test

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
NOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, 32 mg/l
LOEC, Daphnia magna (Water flea), semi-static test, 21 d, number of offspring, > 32 mg/l

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), 96 Hour, > 0.1 mg/l

Isobutane

Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Methyl ether

Acute toxicity to fish
Material is practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50/EL50/LL50 >100 mg/L in the most sensitive species tested).
LC50, Poecilia reticulata (guppy), semi-static test, 96 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l

Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates
LC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), 48 Hour, > 4,000 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

Propane

Acute toxicity to fish
No relevant data found.

Persistence and degradability

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates.
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Biodegradability: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, material reacts with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas which appear to be stable. In the atmospheric environment, material is expected to have a short tropospheric half-life, based on calculations and by analogy with related diisocyanates.
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302C or Equivalent

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Biodegradability: For this family of materials: Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 14 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent
10-day Window: Not applicable
Biodegradation: 95 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 1.17 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 0.24 d
Method: Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Biodegradability: Expected to degrade slowly in the environment.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.89 mg/mg

Isobutane

Biodegradability: Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen).

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.58 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 4.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Methyl ether

Biodegradability: Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment). Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.
10-day Window: Fail
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301A or Equivalent

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 2.08 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 6.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Propane

Biodegradability: No relevant data found.

Theoretical Oxygen Demand: 3.64 mg/mg

Photodegradation
Test Type: Half-life (indirect photolysis)
Sensitizer: OH radicals
Atmospheric half-life: 8.4 d
Method: Estimated.

Bioaccumulative potential

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3). Reacts with water. In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 92 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 28 d

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer

Bioaccumulation: No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer

Bioaccumulation: In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.59 Measured
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.8 - 4.6 Cyprinus carpio (Carp) 42 d Measured

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or log Pow greater than 7).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 7.4 Estimated.

Isobutane

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.76 Measured

Methyl ether

Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 0.10 Measured

Propane
Bioaccumulation: Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow): 2.36 Measured

Mobility in soil

Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Polymethylenepolyphenylisocyanate, propoxylated glycerin polymer
No relevant data found.

Polymethylenepolyphenyl polyisocyanate, polypropyleneglycol copolymer
In the aquatic and terrestrial environment, movement is expected to be limited by its reaction with water forming predominantly insoluble polyureas.

Tris(1-chloro-2-propyl) phosphate
Potential for mobility in soil is slight (Koc between 2000 and 5000).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 1300 Estimated.

Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated
Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).
Given its very low Henry's constant, volatilization from natural bodies of water or moist soil is not expected to be an important fate process.
Partition coefficient(Koc): > 5000 Estimated.

Isobutane
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 35 Estimated.

Methyl ether
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 1.29 - 14 Estimated.

Propane
Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).
Partition coefficient(Koc): 24 - 460 Estimated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods: DO NOT DUMP INTO ANY SEWERS, ON THE GROUND, OR INTO ANY BODY OF WATER. All disposal practices must be in compliance with all Federal, State/Provincial and local laws and regulations. Regulations may vary in different locations. Waste characterizations and

compliance with applicable laws are the responsibility solely of the waste generator. AS YOUR SUPPLIER, WE HAVE NO CONTROL OVER THE MANAGEMENT PRACTICES OR MANUFACTURING PROCESSES OF PARTIES HANDLING OR USING THIS MATERIAL. THE INFORMATION PRESENTED HERE PERTAINS ONLY TO THE PRODUCT AS SHIPPED IN ITS INTENDED CONDITION AS DESCRIBED IN MSDS SECTION: Composition Information. FOR UNUSED & UNCONTAMINATED PRODUCT, the preferred options include sending to a licensed, permitted: Incinerator or other thermal destruction device.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Proper shipping name	Aerosols
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Reportable Quantity	MDI

Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):

Proper shipping name	AEROSOLS
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	
Marine pollutant	Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, chlorinated
Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk

Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):

Proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
UN number	UN 1950
Class	2.1
Packing group	

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Sections 311 and 312
Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard
Fire Hazard

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 Title III (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986) Section 313
This product contains the following substances which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and which are listed in 40 CFR 372.

Components	**CASRN**
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	9016-87-9
4,4' -Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-To-Know Act:
The following chemicals are listed because of the additional requirements of Pennsylvania law:

Components	**CASRN**
Isobutane	75-28-5
Methyl ether	115-10-6
Propane	74-98-6

California Proposition 65 (Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986)
This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

United States TSCA Inventory (TSCA)
All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision
Identification Number: 101265380 / A001 / Issue Date: 01/06/2016 / Version: 8.0
Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

Legend

ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Asphyxiant	Asphyxiant
C	Ceiling

Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
NIOSH REL	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
OSHA Z-1	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average
US WEEL	USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

Information Source and References
This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

A03408004

Section 1. Identification

Product name : KRYLON® QUIK-MARK™ Water-Based Inverted Marking Paint (Fluorescent) Fluorescent Orange

Product code : A03408004

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : Krylon Products Group
101 Prospect Avenue NW
Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : US/Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: CHEMTREC Mexico 01-800-681-9531. Available 24 hours and 365 days per year

Product Information Telephone Number : US/Canada: (800) 247-3266
Mexico: Not Available

Regulatory Information Telephone Number : US/Canada: (216) 566-2902
Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : US/Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity: 18.7%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity: 28.5%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity: 18.7%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Toluene	<10	108-88-3
Propane	≤10	74-98-6
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	≤10	64742-47-8
Butane	≤5	106-97-8
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤3	64742-89-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Toluene	108-88-3	**OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).** TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. **NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).** TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Propane	74-98-6	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).** TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.**
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Butane	106-97-8	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).** TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Explosive potential.** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	64742-89-8	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Toluene	108-88-3	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.** 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). Absorbed through skin.**

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.** STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Normal propane	74-98-6	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).** TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.**
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.** 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.
Butane	106-97-8	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).** TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).** TWA: 800 ppm 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Explosive potential.** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Toluene	108-88-3	**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Propane	74-98-6	**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019). Absorbed through skin.** TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Butane	106-97-8	vapor) 8 hours. **NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 7

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point/boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 2 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 9.5%

Vapor pressure : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 1 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.86

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.205 cm^2/s (<20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Heat of combustion : 13.191 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m^3	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m^3	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 Ul	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Toluene	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Propane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Butane	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Propane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Butane	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	5286.78 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Toluene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Toluene Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	- -	90 10 to 2500	low high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- **ERG No.** 126	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). **ERG No.** 126	- **ERG No.** 126	-	**Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code : Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Ship type : Not available.

Pollution category : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

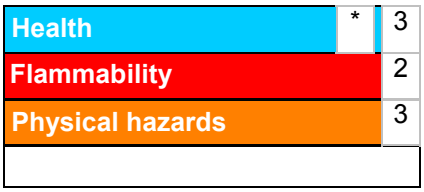
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
Thailand inventory: Not determined.
Turkey inventory: Not determined.
Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

History

Date of printing : 11/27/2019

Date of issue/Date of revision : 11/27/2019

Date of previous issue : 11/5/2019

Version : 13

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

MARVEL OIL CO., INC.
2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., STE 150
Addison, IL 60101

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name:	Marvel Air Tool Oil
Product Code (SKU):	MM85R1 (50100), MM080R (50093) - See Section 15 for discontinued SKU's

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance

Product Use:	Engine Oil Additive – Fuel additive (EPA Registered)

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the SDS

Company Name:	Marvel Oil Company, Inc.
Street Address:	2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150
City, State, Zip Code:	Addison, IL 60101

1.4 Emergency Telephone Numbers

Phone Number:	1(630)455-3700
Fax Number:	1(630)455-3868
Transportation:	1(800)424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Medical Assistance:	Call your local Poison Control Center

2. Hazard Identification:

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Hazard Classification:
Flammable liquid 3
Skin irritation 2
Reproductive Toxicity 2
Aspiration toxicity 1

2.2 Label Elements

Pictogram:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility of the un-born child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statement: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or hot surfaces. Do not smoke. Keep containers tightly closed. Ground all containers and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilation, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static

discharge. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye glasses and face shield. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. If exposed, get medical attention. If on skin or hair, remove immediately all contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention. If swallowed, immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Store in a well ventilated place. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, state, national and international regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards

Description of additional HNOC: None

3. Information on Ingredients:

3.1 Substance not applicable

3.2 Mixture

Component	CAS Number	Concentration (wt%)
Petroleum Distillates (Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic)	64742-52-5	60-100%
Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard Solvent)	8052-41-3	10-30%
Tricresyl Phosphate	1330-78-5	0.1-1.0%
Ortho Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.1-1.0%
Para Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	<0.1%

4. First Aid Measures:

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and promote deep breathing. Get medical attention if effects persist or you feel un-well.
Skin: In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Launder clothing before re-use. Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.
Eyes: In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention
Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a poison control center or physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects – acute and chronic

Inhalation: May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin: Cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting, and cracking of skin.
Eyes: May cause temporary eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tearing, with redness and swelling.
Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea, and vomiting.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment

Symptoms may not appear immediately. Seek medical attention if effects develop or persist and you feel un-well.

5. Fire Fighting Measures:

5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, and alcohol foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

CO_2, CO, and hydrocarbons

5.3 Advice for Fire Fighters

Keep up wind of fire. Wear full firefighting turn out gear (full bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. See Section 8 for personal protection.

6. Accidental Release Measures:

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate all source of ignition.

6.2 Methods and materials for containment and clean up

For containment: Contain and absorb spill with inert material. Place in suitable container for disposal. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. See section 8 for PPE.

For clean up: Take up material and place in a suitable container. Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from source of ignition. Do not smoke. Take precaution to eliminate static discharge. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not eat or drink while handling. Wash hands with soap and water after handling. Use only non-sparking tools.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage including incompatibilities

Keep out of reach of children. Store in a well ventilated place. Do not store above 49°C (120°F).

7.3 Specific end uses

Shelf Life: Shelf life is considered to be 7 – 10 years when properly stored.

8. Exposure Control/Personal Protection:

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits 8 hr TWA:	(OSHA PEL)	(ACGIH TWA)
Petroleum Distillates (Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic)	not applicable	not applicable
Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard Solvent)	500 ppm	100 ppm
Tricresyl Phosphate	not applicable	not applicable
Ortho Dichlorobenzene	50 ppm	25 ppm
Para Dichlorobenzene	75 ppm	10 ppm

8.2 Exposure controls

Use adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended limits. Ensure that eye wash station and safety shower are close to work station.

Hand Protection Equipment: Wear chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact.
Eye Protection Equipment: Wear safety glasses or splash goggles to prevent eye contact.
Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiration/Ventilation Protection Requirements: Provide good ventilation.
Ingestion Protection Requirements: Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. Wash hands with soap and water after handling. Launder all clothing and foot wear before re-use.

9. Physical And Chemical Properties:

9.1 Information of basic chemical and physical properties

Physical Form: thin liquid
Color: clear red
Odor: typical oily
Odor Threshold: not available
pH: not applicable – oil based product
Melting Point/Freeze Point: -51^0C (-60^0F)
Initial Boiling Point: not available
Flash Point (Seta Closed Cup): 53^0C (128^0F)
Flammability Limits: **Explosive Limits:** **Upper:** not available **Lower:** not available
Evaporation Rate: not available
Flammability Solid/Gas: not applicable
Vapor Pressure: not available
Vapor Density: not available
Specific Gravity: 0.876
Solubility in Water: insoluble
Auto Ignition Temperature: not available
Partition coefficient (n/octonol/water): not available
Viscosity (Kinimatic @ 100^0C): 2.0 – 3.0 cSt

9. 2 Other information

% NVM by Weight: 75.0%
% VOC Content (California): 24.92%

10. Stability and Reactivity:

10.1 Reactivity
Does not react under normal conditions

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Does not react under normal conditions

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heat and incompatible materials

10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizers such as bleach and peroxides

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
CO_2, CO and hydrocarbons

11. Toxicological Information:

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Marvel Mystery Oil

LD50 – Oral Rat	>2000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>2000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	>20 mg/L (4 hr)

Petroleum Distillates Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (64742-52-5)

LD50 – Oral Rat	>5000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>5000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	>5 mg/L (4 hr)

Tricresyl Phosphate (1330-78-5)

LD50 – Oral Rat	3000 mg/Kg

o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)

LD50 – Oral Rat	500 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>10000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	8.15 mg/L (4 hr)

p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)

LD50 – Oral Rat	>2000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>2000 mg/Kg

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, classification data are not met

o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	IARC Group 3 – Not Classified

p-dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	IARC Group 2B – Possible carcinogen to humans. NTP 1-Evidence of Carcinogenicity 3, Reasonably anticipated to be a human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility of un-born child
Specific target organs – single exposure	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Specific target organs – repeated exposure	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters air ways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting, and cracking of skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tearing, with redness and swelling.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea, and vomiting.

12. Ecological Information:

12.1 Toxicity
Not recommended for release into aquatic systems without treatment

12.2 Persistence and degradability
Not established

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
Not established

12.4 Mobility in soil
Not established

12.5 Other adverse effects
None known

13. Disposal Considerations:

13.1 Waste treatment methods

RCRA Hazardous Waste:	Regulated as a hazardous waste (D-001 Ignitable).
Waste Disposal Method:	Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations
Waste Disposal Vessel:	Metal drums are recommended.

14. Transportation Information:

14.1 UN number
1268

14.2 UN Proper shipping name
Petroleum Distillate n.o.s.

14.3 Transport Hazard class
3

14.4 Packaging group
III

14.5 Marine Pollutant
No

14.6 Transportation in Bulk
Not applicable

14.7 Special precautions
Use limited quantities

15. Regulatory Information:

15.1 US Federal Regulations

TSCA Status: All ingredients are commercially available and listed by the manufacturer under TSCA.

15.2 Foreign Regulations

Canadian Status: All materials contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL). Consult Turtle Wax, Inc. regarding status of ingredients.

European Union: All materials contained in this product are listed on EINECS.

AICS: All materials are registered for AICS (Australia)

15.3 State Regulations

State Regulatory Information:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements, contact the appropriate agency in your state.

California Prop 65:

CAS Number	Concentration	State Code
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	<0.1%	Cancer

15.4 HMIS & NFPA Classifications

HMIS Classification:	Health	2
	Flammability	2
	Reactivity	0
NFPA Classification:	Health	2
	Flammability	2

	Reactivity 0

15.5 Discontinued SKU's All discontinued SKU's used this same formula.

MM080, MM085, MM85R, MM086, MM088R, MM089

16. Other Information:

Reason For Issue	Address Update
Prepared By	James Heidel
Preparer's Title	Technical Director, R&D
SDS Administrator	Jean Mayszak - Technical Compliance Manager, R&D
Approval Date	January 26, 2017
Supersedes Date	March 10, 2015
Revision Number	#12

This information is, to the best of Turtle Wax, Inc.'s knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable. However, no representation, warranty, or guarantee is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for their own particular use.

MARVEL OIL CO., INC.
2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., STE 150
Addison, IL 60101

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name:	Marvel Air Tool Oil
Product Code (SKU):	MM85R1 (50100), MM080R (50093) - See Section 15 for discontinued SKU's

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses Of The Substance

Product Use:	Engine Oil Additive – Fuel additive (EPA Registered)

1.3 Details of the Supplier of the SDS

Company Name:	Marvel Oil Company, Inc.
Street Address:	2250 W. Pinehurst Blvd., Suite 150
City, State, Zip Code:	Addison, IL 60101

1.4 Emergency Telephone Numbers

Phone Number:	1(630)455-3700
Fax Number:	1(630)455-3868
Transportation:	1(800)424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
Medical Assistance:	Call your local Poison Control Center

2. Hazard Identification:

2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Hazard Classification:
Flammable liquid 3
Skin irritation 2
Reproductive Toxicity 2
Aspiration toxicity 1

2.2 Label Elements

Pictogram:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement: Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility of the un-born child. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statement: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames or hot surfaces. Do not smoke. Keep containers tightly closed. Ground all containers and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical, ventilation, and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static

discharge. Wear protective gloves, clothing, eye glasses and face shield. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. If exposed, get medical attention. If on skin or hair, remove immediately all contaminated clothing and launder before re-use. Wash skin with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs, get medical attention. If swallowed, immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Store in a well ventilated place. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, state, national and international regulations.

2.3 Other Hazards

Description of additional HNOC: None

3. Information on Ingredients:

3.1 Substance not applicable

3.2 Mixture

Component	CAS Number	Concentration (wt%)
Petroleum Distillates (Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic)	64742-52-5	60-100%
Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard Solvent)	8052-41-3	10-30%
Tricresyl Phosphate	1330-78-5	0.1-1.0%
Ortho Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	0.1-1.0%
Para Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	<0.1%

4. First Aid Measures:

4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and promote deep breathing. Get medical attention if effects persist or you feel un-well.
Skin: In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Launder clothing before re-use. Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.
Eyes: In case of eye contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses if worn. If irritation persists, get medical attention
Ingestion: If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a poison control center or physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects – acute and chronic

Inhalation:	May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin:	Cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting, and cracking of skin.
Eyes:	May cause temporary eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tearing, with redness and swelling.
Ingestion:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea, and vomiting.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment

Symptoms may not appear immediately. Seek medical attention if effects develop or persist and you feel un-well.

5. Fire Fighting Measures:

5.1 Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, and alcohol foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

CO_2, CO, and hydrocarbons

5.3 Advice for Fire Fighters

Keep up wind of fire. Wear full firefighting turn out gear (full bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. See Section 8 for personal protection.

6. Accidental Release Measures:

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate all source of ignition.

6.2 Methods and materials for containment and clean up

For containment: Contain and absorb spill with inert material. Place in suitable container for disposal. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. See section 8 for PPE.

For clean up: Take up material and place in a suitable container. Vapors may be heavier than air and may travel along the ground to a distant source of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation.

7. Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from source of ignition. Do not smoke. Take precaution to eliminate static discharge. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Do not eat or drink while handling. Wash hands with soap and water after handling. Use only non-sparking tools.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage including incompatibilities

Keep out of reach of children. Store in a well ventilated place. Do not store above 49°C (120°F).

7.3 Specific end uses

Shelf Life: Shelf life is considered to be 7 – 10 years when properly stored.

8. Exposure Control/Personal Protection:

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits 8 hr TWA:	(OSHA PEL)	(ACGIH TWA)
Petroleum Distillates (Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic)	not applicable	not applicable
Petroleum Distillates (Stoddard Solvent)	500 ppm	100 ppm
Tricresyl Phosphate	not applicable	not applicable
Ortho Dichlorobenzene	50 ppm	25 ppm
Para Dichlorobenzene	75 ppm	10 ppm

8.2 Exposure controls

Use adequate ventilation to keep exposure below recommended limits. Ensure that eye wash station and safety shower are close to work station.

Hand Protection Equipment: Wear chemical resistant gloves to prevent skin contact.
Eye Protection Equipment: Wear safety glasses or splash goggles to prevent eye contact.
Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiration/Ventilation Protection Requirements: Provide good ventilation.
Ingestion Protection Requirements: Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. Wash hands with soap and water after handling. Launder all clothing and foot wear before re-use.

9. Physical And Chemical Properties:

9.1 Information of basic chemical and physical properties

Physical Form:	thin liquid
Color:	clear red
Odor:	typical oily
Odor Threshold:	not available
pH:	not applicable – oil based product
Melting Point/Freeze Point:	-51^{0}C (-60^{0}F)
Initial Boiling Point:	not available
Flash Point (Seta Closed Cup):	53^{0}C (128^{0}F)
Flammability Limits:	**Explosive Limits:** **Upper:** not available **Lower:** not available
Evaporation Rate:	not available
Flammability Solid/Gas:	not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	not available
Vapor Density:	not available
Specific Gravity:	0.876
Solubility in Water:	insoluble
Auto Ignition Temperature:	not available
Partition coefficient (n/octonol/water):	not available
Viscosity (Kinimatic @ 100^{0}C):	2.0 – 3.0 cSt

9. 2 Other information

% NVM by Weight:	75.0%
% VOC Content (California):	24.92%

10. Stability and Reactivity:

10.1 Reactivity
Does not react under normal conditions

10.2 Chemical stability
Stable

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions
Does not react under normal conditions

10.4 Conditions to avoid
Heat and incompatible materials

10.5 Incompatible materials
Strong oxidizers such as bleach and peroxides

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
CO_2, CO and hydrocarbons

11. Toxicological Information:

11.1 Information on Toxicological effects

Marvel Mystery Oil

LD50 – Oral Rat	>2000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>2000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	>20 mg/L (4 hr)

Petroleum Distillates Hydrotreated Heavy Naphthenic (64742-52-5)

LD50 – Oral Rat	>5000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>5000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	>5 mg/L (4 hr)

Tricresyl Phosphate (1330-78-5)

LD50 – Oral Rat	3000 mg/Kg

o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)

LD50 – Oral Rat	500 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>10000 mg/Kg
LC50 – Inhalation Rat	8.15 mg/L (4 hr)

p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)

LD50 – Oral Rat	>2000 mg/Kg
LD50 – Dermal Rabbit	>2000 mg/Kg

Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Respiratory or skin sensitization	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, classification data are not met
o-Dichlorobenzene (95-50-1)	IARC Group 3 – Not Classified

p-dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	IARC Group 2B – Possible carcinogen to humans. NTP 1-Evidence of Carcinogenicity 3, Reasonably anticipated to be a human Carcinogen
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility of un-born child
Specific target organs – single exposure	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Specific target organs – repeated exposure	Based on available data, classification data are not met
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters air ways.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	May cause respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Cause skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting, and cracking of skin.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	May cause temporary eye irritation. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tearing, with redness and swelling.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. This product may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. May cause stomach distress, nausea, and vomiting.

12. Ecological Information:

12.1 Toxicity
Not recommended for release into aquatic systems without treatment

12.2 Persistence and degradability
Not established

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential
Not established

12.4 Mobility in soil
Not established

12.5 Other adverse effects
None known

13. Disposal Considerations:

13.1 Waste treatment methods

RCRA Hazardous Waste:	Regulated as a hazardous waste (D-001 Ignitable).
Waste Disposal Method:	Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations
Waste Disposal Vessel:	Metal drums are recommended.

14. Transportation Information:

14.1 UN number
1268

14.2 UN Proper shipping name
Petroleum Distillate n.o.s.

14.3 Transport Hazard class
3

14.4 Packaging group
III

14.5 Marine Pollutant
No

14.6 Transportation in Bulk
Not applicable

14.7 Special precautions
Use limited quantities

15. Regulatory Information:

15.1 US Federal Regulations

TSCA Status: All ingredients are commercially available and listed by the manufacturer under TSCA.

15.2 Foreign Regulations

Canadian Status: All materials contained in this product are listed on the Canadian Domestic Substance List (DSL). Consult Turtle Wax, Inc. regarding status of ingredients.

European Union: All materials contained in this product are listed on EINECS.

AICS: All materials are registered for AICS (Australia)

15.3 State Regulations

State Regulatory Information:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections of the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements, contact the appropriate agency in your state.

California Prop 65:

CAS Number	Concentration	State Code
p-Dichlorobenzene (106-46-7)	<0.1%	Cancer

15.4 HMIS & NFPA Classifications

HMIS Classification:	Health	2
	Flammability	2
	Reactivity	0
NFPA Classification:	Health	2
	Flammability	2

	Reactivity 0

15.5 Discontinued SKU's All discontinued SKU's used this same formula.

MM080, MM085, MM85R, MM086, MM088R, MM089

16. Other Information:

Reason For Issue	Address Update
Prepared By	James Heidel
Preparer's Title	Technical Director, R&D
SDS Administrator	Jean Mayszak - Technical Compliance Manager, R&D
Approval Date	January 26, 2017
Supersedes Date	March 10, 2015
Revision Number	#12

This information is, to the best of Turtle Wax, Inc.'s knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable. However, no representation, warranty, or guarantee is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitableness and completeness of such information for their own particular use.

PYRAMEX™
THE PEAK OF SAFETY AND STYLE

Material Safety Data Sheet

Section I - Product and Company Identification

Supplier Name	Pyramex Safety Products, LLC
Address (number, street, state & zip code)	281A Moore Lane Collierville, TN 38017
Phone Number **Fax Number**	1-800-736-8673 1-901-861-4967
Emergency Phone Number	**Call INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053**
Product Name	Pyramex Safety Lens Cleaning Towelette
Trade Names and Synonyms	**Towelette,** LCT1, LCT100, LCT100SP, LCTAHS, LCTFAS, LCTHAR, LCTWES, LCTSTA, LCC100
Date Issued	**12/6/2007**
Date Revised	**12/3/2009**

Section II - Hazards Identification

Potential Health Effects

Principal Routes of Exposure	Skin contact
Acute Toxicity	
Eyes	Vapor May cause irritation.
Inhalation	May be harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing vapors. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. May cause central nervous system depression with nausea, headache, dizziness, and vomiting.
Skin	May be harmful in contact with skin. May cause irritation.
Ingestion	May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastro-intestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic Effects	Avoid repeated exposure. Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin.
Aggravated Medical Conditions	Central nervous system. Preexisting eye disorders. Blood Disorders. Kidney disorders. Liver disorders. Overexposure may cause female and mail reproductive disorder(s). Skin Disorders. Respiratory disorders.
Interactions with other Chemicals	Use of Alcoholic beverages may enhance toxic effects.

Section III - Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS#	%(WT)
Water	773-18-5	60-85
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	10-30
Anti-Fog	56-81-5	<1
Anti-Static	68391-01-5	<1
Supplier Trade Secret	Proprietary	5-10

Section IV - First Aid Measures

EYES	Flush well with water, also under eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Get Medical assistance if symptoms persist.
SKIN	Wash well with soap and water. If irritation persists, or allergic reaction occurs, call a physician.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air and give oxygen if needed. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and call for Medical assistance.
Ingestion	**DO NOT** induce vomiting. Rinse Mouth. Drink Plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Consult a physician.
Notes to Physicians	Treat symptomatically

Section V - Fire-Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Uniform Fire Code	Irritant: Liquid Combustible Liquid III-B
Flash Point	Not available
Hazardous Byproducts of Combustion	Carbon oxides
Explosion Data	
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	Not sensitive
Sensitivity to Static Discharge	Yes
Protective Equipment	Wear Self contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent), and full protective gear.
Special Precautions - NFPA	
Health Hazard	2
Flammability	1
Stability	0

Section VI - Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Remove all sources of ignition.
Containment Methods	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Clean-up Methods	Use personal protective equipment. Soak up with absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Section VII - Handling and Storage

Handling	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep out of the reach of children.
Storage	Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Keep out of the reach of Children.

Section VIII - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Isopropyl Alcohol	+400 ppmSTEL TWA: 200 ppm	TWA:400ppm TWA:980mg/m3 (vacated) TWA: 400 ppm (vacated) TWA:980 mg/m3 (vacated) STEL: 1225 mg/m3 (vacated) STEL: 500 ppm	IDLH:2000 ppm 10% LEL TWA:400 PPM TWA: 980 mg/m3 STEL: 1225 mg/m3 STEL:500 PPM
Supplier Trade Secret	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 240 mg/m3 (vacated) TWA: 25 ppm (vacated) TWA: 120 mg/m3 Skin	IDLH: 700 ppm TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24 mg/m3

Engineering Measures	Showers. Eyewash Stations. Ventilation Systems
Personal Protective Equipment	
Eye & Face Protection	No special equipment required
Skin & Body Protection	Protective gloves
Respiratory Protection	If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced. NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.
Hygiene Measures	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

Section IX - Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	White solid
Odor	Mild Alcohol Smell
Physical State	Solid. Solid containing liquid. Moist paper
pH	7

Section X - Stability and Reactivity

Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions
Incompatibility (Material to Avoid)	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Chlorinated compounds
Conditions to Avoid	Heat, Flames, Sparks
Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products	Carbon oxides
Hazardous Polymerization	Will Not Occur

Section XI - Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity May be harmful by inhalation, ingestion or skin absorption

Chemical Name	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LD50 Inhalation
Water	90 mL/kg (Rat)		
Isopropyl Alcohol	4396 mg/kg (Rat)	12800 mg/kg (Rat) 2270 mg/kg (Rabbit)	72.6mg/L (Rat) 4h
Supplier Trade Secret	470 mg/kg (Rat)	220 mg/kg (Rat) 2270 mg/kg (Rabbit)	2.21 mg/L (Rat) 4h 450 ppm (rat) 4h

Chronic Toxicity Avoid repeated exposure. Contains a known or suspected reproductive toxin.

Carcinogenicity

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Supplier Trade Secret	A3			

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

A3: Animal Carcinogen

Target Organ Effects Blood, Central Nervous System (CNS), Eyes, Hematopoietic System, Kidney, Liver, Respiratory System, Skin.

Section XII - Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

The environmental impact of this product has not been fully investigated. Ecotoxicity effects of component substances follows:

Chemical Name	Toxicity to Algae	Toxicity to Fish	Toxicity to Microorganisms	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)
Isopropyl Alcohol	EC50>1000mg/L 72h EC50>1000mg/L 96h	LC50=61200 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50=94900 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h LC50=9640 mg/L Pimephales promelas 96h	EC > 5035390 mg/L 5 min.	EC50 = 13299 mg/L 48h
Supplier Trade Secret		LC50=1490 mg/L Lepomis macrochirus 96h		LC50 1698-1940 mg/L 24h EC50=1720 mg/L 24h

Chemical Name	Log Pow
Isopropyl Alcohol	=0.05 25A deg. C
Supplier Trade Secret	=0.81 25A deg. C

Section XIII - Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Methods	This material as supplied is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). This material could become a hazardous waste, if chemical additions are made to this material, or if the material is processed or otherwise altered. Consult 40 CFR 261 to determine whether the altered material is a hazardous waste. Consult the appropriate state, regional, or local regulations for additional requirements.
Contaminated Materials	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

This product contains one or more substances that are listed with the State of California as a hazardous waste:

Chemical Name	California Hazardous Waste Status
Isopropyl Alcohol	Toxic. Ignitable.

Section XIV - Transport Information

DOT, TDG, MEX, ICAO, ITAT, IMDG/IMO, RID, ADR, ADN - Product not regulated.

Section XV - Regulatory Information

International Inventories

TSC ----------Complies	IECSC ----------Does not comply
DSL ----------Does not comply	KECL ----------Does not comply
EINECS/ELINCS ---Does not comply	PICCS ----------Does not comply
ENCS ----------Does not comply	AICS ----------Does not comply

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains the following chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, part 372.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	% by Weight	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	10-30	1
Supplier Trade Secret	Proprietary	5-10	1

SARA 313/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	Yes
Fire Hazard	No
Sudden Pressure Release Hazard	No
Reactive Hazard	No

Clean Water Act

This Product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Chemical Name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Isopropyl Alcohol				X

Clean Air Act, Sec. 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPS)(see 40 CFR 61)

This product contains the following substances which are listed hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Sec. 112 of the Clean Air Act.

Chemical Name	CAS No.	% by Weight	HAPs Data	VOC Chemicals
Supplier Trade Secret	Proprietary	5-10	Present (includes mono-and di-ethers of ethylene glycol and triethylene glycol, except ethylene glycol monobutyl ether [EGBE]. See 40 CFR 63.62 for redefinition of glycol ethers listed as hazardous air pollutants.	Group I

CERCLA

This material as supplied does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental response Compensation and Liability Act(CERCLA)(40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)(40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

U.S. State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This Product does not contain any Proposition 65 Chemicals.

International Regulations

Mexico - Grade Moderate risk - Grade 2

Chemical Name	Carcinogen Status	Exposure Limits
Isopropyl Alcohol		Mexico: TWA=26 ppm
		Mexico: TWA=120 mg/m3
		Mexico: STEL=360 mg/m3
		Mexico: STEL=75 ppm
Supplier Trade Secret		Mexico: TWA=400 ppm
		Mexico: TWA=980 mg/m3
		Mexico: STEL=1225 mg/m3
		Mexico: STEL=500 ppm

Canada

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR), and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class

B3 Combustible Liquid

D2B Toxic Materials

Chemical Name	National Pollutant Release Inventory
Isopropyl Alcohol	X
Supplier Trade Secret	X

Section XVI - Other Information

Disclaimer: The information in this MSDS was obtained from sources, which we believe are reliable. However, the information is provided without any representation or warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy or correctness.

The conditions or methods of handling, storage, use and disposal of the product are beyond our control and may be beyond our knowledge. For this and other reasons, Pyramex Safety Products, LLC and its Divisions and Subsidiaries, Officers and Employees do not assume responsibility and expressly disclaim liability for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

160-0014

Section 1. Identification

Product name : SHER-LINER® Solvent-Based Striping Paint
Highway Yellow

Product code : 160-0014

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 W. Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number : US / Canada: 1-800-474-3794
Mexico: Not Available

Regulatory Information Telephone Number : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902
Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 41.2% (oral), 41.2% (dermal), 41.2% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.
Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
May cause respiratory irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≥25 - ≤50	64742-89-8
Propane	≥10 - ≤25	74-98-6
Talc	≤10	14807-96-6
Butane	≤10	106-97-8
n-Butyl Acetate	≤5	123-86-4
Titanium Dioxide	≤3	13463-67-7
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	≤3	64742-88-7
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤0.3	1330-20-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	64742-89-8	None.
Propane	74-98-6	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.**
Talc	14807-96-6	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).** TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Butane	106-97-8	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021). Explosive potential.** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).** TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours. **ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).** STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).** TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	64742-88-7	**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2021).** TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).** TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Normal propane	74-98-6	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.** **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.**
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).** TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
Butane	106-97-8	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021). Explosive potential.** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Explosive potential.** STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours.

		TWAEV: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).** STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).** TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust. **CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	64742-88-7	**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene	1330-20-7	**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).** 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. **CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 1/2021).** TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 7/2019).** TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).** STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. **CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).** STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Propane	74-98-6	**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Butane	106-97-8	**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	**NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).** TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Appropriate engineering controls : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 7

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range : Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 1.5 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit : Lower: 0.9%
Upper: 9.5%

Vapor pressure : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)

Relative vapor density : 1 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 0.86

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm^2/s (<20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Aerosol product

Type of aerosol : Spray

Heat of combustion : 22.535 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 ug l	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Butane	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Propane	Category 2	-	-
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Butane	Category 2	-	-
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	Category 1	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Propane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Butane	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness

Section 11. Toxicological information

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Section 12. Ecological information

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_{ow}$	BCF	Potential
Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	high
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{OC}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 	2.1 
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Section 14. Transport information

Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	-	**Emergency schedules** F-D, S-U
	ERG No.	**ERG No.**	**ERG No.**		
	126	126	126		
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

California Prop. 65

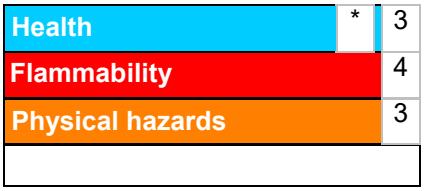
WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

International lists : **Australia inventory (AIIC)**: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
Thailand inventory: Not determined.
Turkey inventory: Not determined.
Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

History

Date of printing : 9/19/2021

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/19/2021

Date of previous issue : 4/14/2021

Version : 18

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements

Section 16. Other information

are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Safety Data Sheet

classification according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

WINDEX® CLEANER ORIGINAL WITH AMMONIA-D® REFILL

Version 1.0 Print Date 06/20/2017

Revision Date 05/23/2017 SDS Number 350000014153

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product information

Product name	:	WINDEX® CLEANER ORIGINAL WITH AMMONIA-D® REFILL
Recommended use	:	Hard Surface Cleaner
Restrictions on use	:	Use only as directed on label
Manufacturer, importer, supplier	:	S.C. Johnson and Son, Limited 1 Webster Street Brantford ON N3T 5R1
Telephone	:	+1-800-558-5566
Emergency telephone number	:	24 Hour Transport & Medical Emergency Phone (866) 231-5406 24 Hour International Emergency Phone (952) 852-4647 24 Hour Canadian Transport Emergency Phone (CANUTEC) (613) 996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Classification
This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

Labelling

Precautionary statements

Other hazards : None identified

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain hazardous chemicals at or above a reportable level as defined by Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

For additional information on product ingredients, see www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : No special requirements

Skin contact : No special requirements

Inhalation : No special requirements.

Ingestion : No special requirements

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eyes : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Skin effect : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Inhalation : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Ingestion : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See Description of first aid measures unless otherwise stated.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards during firefighting : Container may melt and leak in heat of fire.

Further information	:	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Wear full protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Environmental precautions	:	Outside of normal use, avoid release to the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Dike large spills. Clean residue from spill site.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. For personal protection see section 8. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep container closed when not in use.
Other data	:	Stable under normal conditions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH or OSHA exposure limits have not been established for this product or reportable ingredients unless noted in the table above.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	No special requirements.
Hand protection	:	No special requirements.
Eye protection	:	No special requirements.
Skin and body protection	:	No special requirements.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	:	liquid
Color	:	blue
Odour	:	floral
Odour Threshold	:	Test not applicable for this product type
pH	:	10.7 at (25 C)
Melting point/freezing point	:	0 C

Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	100 C
Flash point	:	does not flash
Evaporation rate	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Does not sustain combustion.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Vapour pressure	:	Calculated31.7 hPa
Vapour density	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Relative density	:	1.00 g/cm3 at 25 C
Solubility(ies)	:	soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Decomposition temperature	:	Heating can release hazardous gases.
Viscosity, dynamic	:	similar to water
Viscosity, kinematic	:	similar to water

Oxidizing properties	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Volatile Organic Compounds Total VOC (wt. %)*	:	0.2 % - additional exemptions may apply *as defined by US Federal and State Consumer Product Regulations
Other information	:	None identified :

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	If accidental mixing occurs and toxic gas is formed, exit area immediately. Do not return until well ventilated.
Conditions to avoid	:	Direct sources of heat.
Incompatible materials	:	Do not mix with bleach or any other household cleaners. Strong bases
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 > 10 mg/L

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 > 5000 mg/kg

GHS Properties	Classification	Routes of entry
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	Oral
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	Dermal
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	Inhalation - Dust and Mist
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	Inhalation - Vapour
Acute toxicity	No classification proposed	Inhalation - Gas
Skin corrosion/irritation	No classification proposed	-
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	No classification proposed	-
Skin sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Respiratory sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Germ cell mutagenicity	No classification proposed	-
Carcinogenicity	No classification proposed	-
Reproductive toxicity	No classification proposed	-
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No classification proposed	-
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No classification proposed	-
Aspiration hazard	No classification proposed	-

Aggravated Medical : None known.

Condition

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product : The product itself has not been tested.

Toxicity
The ingredients in this formula have been reviewed and no adverse impact to the environment is expected when used according to label directions.

No environmental data required.

No environmental data required.

Other adverse effects **:** None known.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Consumer may discard empty container in trash, or recycle where facilities exist.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Please refer to the Bill of Lading/receiving documents for up-to-date shipping information.

Land transport
Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Sea transport
Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

Air transport
Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Notification status	:	All ingredients of this product are listed or are excluded from listing on the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.
Notification status	:	All ingredients of this product comply with the New Substances Notification requirements under the Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA).
California Prop. 65	:	This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.
Canada Regulations	:	This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Act and Regulations.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings

Health	1
Flammability	0
Reactivity	0

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NFPA Ratings

Health	1
Fire	0
Reactivity	0
Special	-

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Further information

This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable. It does not constitute a warranty, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Actual conditions of use are beyond the seller's control. User is responsible to evaluate all available information when using product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws and regulations.

Prepared by	SC Johnson Global Safety Assessment & Regulatory Affairs (GSARA)

Safety Data Sheet

classification according to Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

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1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product information

Product name	:	WINDEX® CLEANER ORIGINAL WITH AMMONIA-D® REFILL
Recommended use	:	Hard Surface Cleaner
Restrictions on use	:	Use only as directed on label
Manufacturer, importer, supplier	:	S.C. Johnson and Son, Limited 1 Webster Street Brantford ON N3T 5R1
Telephone	:	+1-800-558-5566
Emergency telephone number	:	24 Hour Transport & Medical Emergency Phone (866) 231-5406 24 Hour International Emergency Phone (952) 852-4647 24 Hour Canadian Transport Emergency Phone (CANUTEC) (613) 996-6666

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Globally Harmonized System (GHS) Classification
This product does not meet the criteria for classification in any hazard class according to the Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

Labelling

Precautionary statements

Other hazards : None identified

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

This product does not contain hazardous chemicals at or above a reportable level as defined by Canadian Hazardous Products Regulation

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For additional information on product ingredients, see www.whatsinsidescjohnson.com.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : No special requirements

Skin contact : No special requirements

Inhalation : No special requirements.

Ingestion : No special requirements

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eyes : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Skin effect : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Inhalation : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Ingestion : No adverse effects expected when used as directed.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See Description of first aid measures unless otherwise stated.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards during firefighting : Container may melt and leak in heat of fire.

Further information	:	Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Wear full protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	:	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Environmental precautions	:	Outside of normal use, avoid release to the environment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Dike large spills. Clean residue from spill site.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Precautions for safe handling	:	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. For personal protection see section 8. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND PETS.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Storage

Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep container closed when not in use.
Other data	:	Stable under normal conditions.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Occupational Exposure Limits

ACGIH or OSHA exposure limits have not been established for this product or reportable ingredients unless noted in the table above.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection	:	No special requirements.
Hand protection	:	No special requirements.
Eye protection	:	No special requirements.
Skin and body protection	:	No special requirements.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash thoroughly after handling.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form	:	liquid
Color	:	blue
Odour	:	floral
Odour Threshold	:	Test not applicable for this product type
pH	:	10.7 at (25 C)
Melting point/freezing point	:	0 C

Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	100 C
Flash point	:	does not flash
Evaporation rate	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Does not sustain combustion.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Vapour pressure	:	Calculated31.7 hPa
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Relative density	:	1.00 g/cm3 at 25 C
Solubility(ies)	:	soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Test not applicable for this product type
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Viscosity, dynamic	:	similar to water
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Oxidizing properties	:	Test not applicable for this product type
Volatile Organic Compounds Total VOC (wt. %)*	:	0.2 % - additional exemptions may apply *as defined by US Federal and State Consumer Product Regulations
Other information	:	None identified :

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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Chemical stability	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.
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Incompatible materials	:	Do not mix with bleach or any other household cleaners. Strong bases
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Skin sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Respiratory sensitisation	No classification proposed	-
Germ cell mutagenicity	No classification proposed	-
Carcinogenicity	No classification proposed	-
Reproductive toxicity	No classification proposed	-
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	No classification proposed	-
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	No classification proposed	-
Aspiration hazard	No classification proposed	-

Aggravated Medical : None known.

Condition

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product : The product itself has not been tested.

Toxicity
The ingredients in this formula have been reviewed and no adverse impact to the environment is expected when used according to label directions.

No environmental data required.

No environmental data required.

Other adverse effects **:** None known.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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16. OTHER INFORMATION

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Flammability	0
Reactivity	0

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Health	1
Fire	0
Reactivity	0
Special	-

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Prepared by	SC Johnson Global Safety Assessment & Regulatory Affairs (GSARA)